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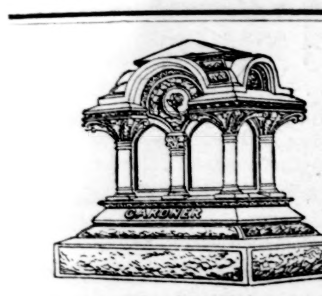
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OLD SERIES—VOL LXV—NO 3,340

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1900.

NEW SERIES—VOL. XVII—NO 899



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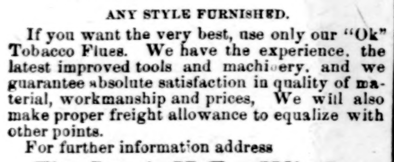
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The Democratic Situation.

James Creelman in New York Journal.

An impartial investigation of the present political situation ought to convince any man that if the Presidental election were to take place now Mr. Bryan would be elected by a decisive plurality.

Four years ago the plain facts compelled me to predict Mr. Bryan's defeat, and I repeated that prediction almost every day from the time when I accompanied Mr. Bryan from the scene of his nomination to the hour when I stood beside him in Lincoln and saw him cast his vote.

FACTS POINT TO HIS ELECTION.

There is but one serious point of difference between the most extreme of the conservative Democrats of the East and the great body of the party which supported Mr. Bryan in 1896. Many of the Eastern leaders desire to have the ratio of sixteen to one omitted from the money plank of the platform. The leaders in the South and West are practically unanimous in their opposition to any change.

I have been present at several important conferences of Democrats representing these two views of party policy, and I can speak with some certainty of the actual situation. The aim and intention of the great mass of the party who were loyal four years ago has been to re-adopt the Chicago platform, and to incorporate it, word for word, in the platform to be made in Kansas City on July 4.

WILL OPPOSE ANY CHANGE.

I can say authoritatively that Mr. Bryan will oppose the abandonment of a single plank in the Chicago platform. It is demonstrable that an overwhelming majority of the next Democratic National Convention will refuse to abandon, alter or modify the Chicago platform.

The one great question that now remains before the Democratic leaders is this: Will the Kansas City convention content itself with a simple reaffirmation of the platform of 1896 in three or four lines and devote the rest of its utterances to the issues of 1900, or will the convention reiterate the Chicago platform. All other questions are, for the present, subordinate to this.

Mr. Hill says that Mr. Bryan will be renominated. Mr. Hill declares that he will work hard to elect Mr. Bryan. No man who has met Mr. Hill within the past two weeks can doubt his earnestness or his determination to lend his whole strength to the Democratic party in the approaching campaign.

He sees victory in sight for the first time since Mr. Cleveland wrecked the party. Mr. Hill will support Mr. Bryan, Chicago platform or no Chicago platform. The abandonment of the well-tried American theory of equal rights everywhere under the flag for the British policy of subject colonies overshadows all other issues.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

But Mr. Hill and State Chairman Campbell and Mr. Croker and former Senator Murphy and men who take their view of the situation are urging upon the Western and Southern leaders the fact that the passage of the Currency bill by the Republican majority in Congress removes the free silver question for the present from the field of practical politics and statesmanship; that even if Mr. Bryan were President now he would be powerless under the law to disturb the gold standard, and that a Republican majority in the United States Senate will make free silver legislation impossible for the next five years—therefore a readoption of the 16 to 1 plank at Kansas City can accomplish nothing, and will be a mere academic statement of a theory about which the voters of the party disagree.

Some of the conservative Eastern leaders insist that Mr. Bryan cannot be elected without the electoral vote of New York State, and that a modification of the Chicago platform will make Democratic victory in New York a certainty.

But the "irreducible minimum" of a majority of the Kansas City Convention will be a simple reaffirmation of the platform of 1896, a statement that can be made in forty or fifty words. That seems to be the utmost that can be hoped for by the conservative leaders.

To bring the body of the Chicago platform into the convention for mutilation or amendment would bring on a bitter and useless fight, in which the conservative men would be beaten.

A strong group of leaders believe that, as the silver question is dead as a practical present issue, it would be a political crime to have a struggle in the convention itself. Even Mr. Hill believes that whatever is done must be agreed upon before the convention meets.

It is safe to say that there will be no fight on the financial question in open convention. The Democratic party is practically reunited now; when the Kansas City convention meets it will be absolutely united.

Not only have men like Mr. Hill and Mr. Croker, who were silent in 1896, placed themselves earnestly in support of Mr. Bryan, but thousands and thousands of "gold democrats" in New York and other Eastern States who voted for McKinley have returned to the party which stands for the preservation of the Republic and opposes a military empire with colonies.

Men like John De Witt Warner are heartily preparing to assist in the election of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Bissell, who was Mr. Cleveland's law partner and afterwards Postmaster General, is ready to stump the State for Mr. Bryan.

It seems to be generally recognized that the financial question is, for the time being, removed from the sphere of practical things, and that, while the money plank of the Democratic platform is an important issue, as between political leaders, that question, too, will disappear, and the whole strength of the party will be devoted to a vigorous war on trusts and a defence of the Republic against the McKinley plan of military empire.

EASTERN DEMOCRATS NOW LOYAL.

Every one of the Eastern leaders to whom I have talked has assured me that he will heartily support Mr. Bryan whether the platform of 1896 is reaffirmed or not.

All the talk about a "Democratic conspiracy" in the East to nominate Admiral Dewey or to injure Mr. Bryan is pure bosh. Mr. Bryan is supreme throughout the party. No man challenges his authority, no man seeks his defeat.

The change which the brutal and corrupt policy of the McKinley Administration has wrought in politics is almost without a parallel in America.

Mr. Bryan has become a platform in himself, standing as he does for honesty, decency, fairness, plain speech and true Americanism as opposed to hypocrisy, corruption, duplicity, evasion, imperialism and shameless servitude to trust domination.

Mr. Bryan has no choice for Vice-President; I can say that advisedly. No candidate for the second place has yet organized sufficient strength to be considered seriously. All seem to be waiting for Mr. Bryan to speak the word, but I have been assured by Mr. Bryan himself that he will not interfere in any way.

WHAT THE POLL SHOWS.

The Journal has put the following questions to members of the Democratic National Committee and other Democrats of prominence and influence:

1. On what issues will the Democrats wage the fight for President?
2. What change, if any, will be made in the platform of 1896?
3. If Dewey runs as an independent candidate for President, what effect will his candidacy have on the Democratic party?
4. What do you think the Bryan vote will be on the first ballot at Kansas City?
5. Who is your choice for Vice-President?

It is seen by the answers already received, many of which are published on this page, that Mr. Bryan's nomination will be practically unanimous, and that Admiral Dewey's candidacy is not looked upon seriously, unless he should draw a few thousand disgusted Republican voters from Mr. McKinley as an independent candidate.

SCHLEY FOR SECOND PLACE.

Several of the replies favor Admiral Schley for Vice President, and one speaks a word for George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; but those who know Mr. Williams are aware of the fact that he desires to become Attorney-General in President Bryan's Cabinet; and will make no effort to secure the second place on the ticket. Only three men admit that the Chicago platform may be altered, and they are from trust ridden States—Mr. Campbell, of New York; Mr. Baker, of New Jersey; Mr Kenney, of Delaware.

The truth is that every leader in the Democratic party, no matter what State he lives in, knows that the platform of 1896 will be reaffirmed, and that a simple reaffirmation without opposition is probably the easiest way of letting the free silver question pass into the background where it belongs.

Elliot Danforth, who is likely to be the next Democratic candidate for Governor of New York, and who supported Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform in 1896, expresses the average and prevailing opinion of the whole party when he says:

"In the last Presidential contest financial issues were most prominent. As a result of a foreign war new national questions are occupying the attention of the people. Republicanism directs us toward military imperialism and financial and industrial concentration."

SUMMARY OF THE POLL.

Following is a summary of the replies from twenty-three Democratic National committeemen to the Journal's questions regarding the campaign issues and candidates:

FIRST QUESTION.

Anti imperialism as a leading issue,	21
Anti trusts as a leading issue,	21
Money question as a leading issue,	16
Anti-militarism as a leading issue,	6

SECOND QUESTION.

Chicago platform will be reaffirmed,	20
Non-committal as to Chicago platform,	3

THIRD QUESTION.

Dewey's candidacy not taken seriously,	11
Dewey's candidacy would not hurt Bryan,	12

FOURTH QUESTION.

Bryan by acclamation,	8
Bryan unanimously or on first ballot,	12

FIFTH QUESTION.

Admiral Schley for Vice-President,	2
No personal choice for Vice-President,	16
Cummings, Sulzer, Van Wyck, Williams, Pattison and Daniel (each)	1

The Democratic Situation.

The questions quoted in the article from the New York Journal, printed by us yesterday, which that paper sent out to the National committeemen from the different States, were as follows:

1. On what issues will the Democrats wage the fight for President?
2. What change, if any, will be made in the platform of 1896?
3. If Dewey runs as an independent candidate for President, what effect will his candidacy have on the Democratic party?
4. What do you think the Bryan vote will be on the first ballot at Kansas City?
5. Who is your choice for Vice President?

Following was the reply of Mr. Daniels, committeeman from North Carolina:

1. Anti imperialism, anti-trust, bimetalism.
2. Chicago platform reaffirmed and anti trust and anti imperialism added.
3. Dewey as an independent candidate would cut little figure.
4. Bryan will be nominated on first ballot by acclamation.
5. Prefer a Vice-Presidential candidate from the Middle West.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

W. H. Shipman, Beardsley, Minn., under oath, says he suffered from dyspepsia for twenty-five years. Doctors and dieting gave but little relief. Finally he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and now eats what he likes and as much as he wants, and he feels like a new man. It digests what you eat. King Bros.

"We Will Win," Says Mr. Bryan.

A Toledo, Ohio, telegram of Wednesday night says:

Mr. Bryan spoke this evening at considerable length at the armory, after which he was escorted to Memorial Hall, where he was tendered a reception by the Modern Woodmen of America, of which he is a member, and spoke perhaps five or ten minutes. From Memorial Hall he was escorted to Elks' Hall, where elaborate arrangements had been made to receive this distinguished member of that fraternity. It is estimated fully 25,000 persons heard Mr. Bryan at the various points where he spoke in the city.

While here he submitted to an interview and took occasion to express himself decidedly regarding the coming national election, which, he declares, will surely result in an overwhelming Democratic victory. "The Democratic party is sure to win," Mr. Bryan said, without the slightest hesitation. "The people are with us this year and they are in sympathy with the principles which shall be embodied in the Kansas City platform and which represent the feelings of the great mass of American people."

"Why do you think so?"

"Why do I think so? Because every principle of the Democratic party is a positive principle—more positive than was the declaration of the Republican party in 1896; and, while the Democratic party has grown all the while in its firmer adherence to principle and positive declaration, the Republican party is 'trekking' in just the opposite direction; it is less positive and its adherence to its own heretofore fixed declaration of faith is now quite disregarded."

"What is your view of the Philippine war?"

"It is exactly what it has been ever since the Filipinos were denied the right of free government. I believe that the Republicans are wrong because they have taken the God given right of liberty and self government away from a people who have been fighting for it for years, and are so determined that they are perfectly willing to sacrifice themselves to the last man in order to secure it. This will be the position of the Democratic party upon this question.

"Imperialism always means a transgression upon some one. Neither our government nor that of any other country can sweep away the sovereignty of a conquered people and substitute its own sovereignty for it without violating the laws of God and man.

"I hold exactly the same views on the money question I always have held. I do not think the great body of Democrats have changed any more than I have, and there is no occasion for the desertion of any great truth that makes up the Democratic code of principles.

"Ohio, I think, is much more likely to go Democratic this year than is Nebraska ever likely to go Republican again.

"I am sure that the signs of the times are very much more favorable to Democratic success, and both the press and people are considering Democratic doctrine more kindly this year than they did in '96."

The Great Wealth of the Wilmington & Weldon.

The Wilmington & Weldon R. R., in consolidating as the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, has declared a dividend of 404 per cent. This is besides the regular dividends paid during the year on stocks and on debenture bonds (issued as gratuities to stock holders heretofore) making 24 per cent. more.

The financial basis, says the Raleigh News and Observer, on which this consolidation was made is most interesting and is shown by the following official notice sent out to all stockholders of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company:

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS IN THE WILMINGTON AND WELDON RAILROAD COMPANY.

To ....

Under an agreement of consolidation duly executed by the companies mentioned below, and unanimously adopted by the stockholders of each company at meetings especially held for the purpose, the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of Virginia, the Norfolk and Carolina Railroad Company, the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company and the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of South Carolina, have been consolidated and merged into one company under the name of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

The new company assumes the obligations of the old companies, including the interest on the 7 per cent. certificates of indebtedness of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, which are to remain undisturbed.

Under the agreement of consolidation, the holders of stock in the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company are entitled, upon sending their certificates of stock to the Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Baltimore, to receive a cash dividend of $4.00 per share and 2 shares of 5 per cent. preferred stock (par $100 per share), and 2 shares of common stock (par $100 per share) of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company for each share of Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company stock surrendered.

You are the holder of 26 shares of Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company stock, and are entitled to receive in exchange, 52 shares 5 per cent. preferred stock of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; 52 shares common stock of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

Please assign your certificate for Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company stock to the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, sign your name and have the same witnessed and forward your certificate in the enclosed envelope; and as soon after its receipt as practicable, a check for the dividend and certificates for the new stock will be forwarded to you by mail.

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Rev. Mr. Cunninggim's Sermon to the Odd Fellows.

Following is a synopsis of the anniversary sermon which the Rev. W. L. Cunninggim delivered to the Odd Fellows on Sunday night last in Hay Street Methodist church:

And it came to pass, when He had made an end of speaking unto Saul, that the soul of Jonathan was knit with the soul of David, and Jonathan loved him as his own soul. 1 Samuel 18:1

In the history of the world there have been many instances of real, true friendship; friendship that has been truly sublime in the uplift of view given of the possibilities of the better, brighter, higher side of our human nature. They serve as rifts in the clouds of the night through which the light streams upon our oftimes darkened vision. Indeed are they sunbeams falling into darkened corners. Achilles after being affronted by Agamemnon, though liberal offers were made to him by the latter, though sore disasters had come upon the Greeks, would no more go forth to battle till his friend Patroclus had been killed by Hector; then buckling on his armor, his arm stayed not till many Trojans had been slain, and even Hector himself, and then and only then were the funeral obsequies held.

Pythias pledges his own life for that of his friend Damon, and the latter, faithful to the friendship, returns in time to prevent the sacrifice. Such disinterested friendship saved both lives. Epaminondas in his poverty refuses to avail himself of the liberality of Pelopidas, and the latter to be on the same level with his friend turns aside from the advantages of wealth and wears the plain attire and eats the scant food of his friend. No remonstrance will change his purpose in this. Luther prays with boldness that God will not take away his Philip, (Melancthon), that he must have him. And many another instance could be culled. But there is one to which I especially desire to call your attention, that of Jonathan and David.

With the exception of that of Achilles and Patroclus, and this is clouded in the mists of the pre historic period, and of its certainty we know nothing, that of Jonathan for David is the most ancient instance of real friendship, antedating Damon and Pythias and Pelopidas and Epaminondas some hundreds of years.

And for some good reason, the which I shall not affirm, whether it be that because the account of Jonathan and David is in the Word of God and is read thousands or tens of thousands of times where these others are read but once, or whether it be that with clearness of outline, distinctness of delineation there is such fullness of information that we have a most vivid picture of real life meeting our most exalted ideas of true friendship; or whether it be that we in the sincerity, constancy, unselfish devotion of this friendship see the lofty characters of these two men upon whom there was the approval of the Mighty God; we have come to think this not only the most true, but the most touching and most beautiful case of friendship the world has seen.

My object is not to give a discussion of David's side of this friendship. According to the thought of many who regard that the English poet speaks truly when he suggests that "Friendship complete is portioned in halves," David does not measure fairly by the side of Jonathan in the matters between them. But is it not true that something may be said in extenuation of David's course? Consider that until after Jonathan's death he not only had no opportunity to do any thing for Jonathan, but he was a hunted deer whose very life was eagerly sought for by his enemies. Jonathan's lame son fared well at David's hands till the troublesome time incident to Absalom's rebellion. Let only those of us who are without sin be the first to cast a stone at David.

But is it true that friendship is portioned in halves? Is it not true that one is the benefactor and the other is the beneficiary? one the giver, the other the receiver? Achilles must risk his life to avenge Patroclus. Pythias must pledge his life for Damon; Pelopidas must forego the privileges and pleasures of his wealth in order to be friend to Epaminondas. So Jonathan must give to David, and to give to such an extent and of such quality that David cannot hope to render compensation therefor. They are realizing—It is better to do than to get good—more blessed to give than to receive.

It is not that much cannot be said for David's side of the friendship, but because it would take too much time to carry along both sides of this friendship. So to Jonathan's friendship for David do I ask your attention. It shows the true nature and strength of friendship; its costs, its tests, and its ennobling qualities, revealing character and enlarging the soul.

"Friendship produces an entire sameness; it is one soul in two bodies; a friend is another self." So said the ancient Greeks.

The soul of Jonathan was *knit* with the soul of David. Two pieces of fancy work by a lady are so united by skillful work that it cannot be told where one leaves off and the other begins. *They are one piece.* A broken bone knits together so that the break can no more be told. It is *whole* again—*one* bone. So by affection—by kinship of soul—Jonathan is one with David. No one can tell where their interests as regarded by them begin or end. They are united under one common purpose.

Or the word sometimes meant *bound* together. A broken base ball bat bound—not tied—by a cord stronger than before. So these two lives—specially so Jonathan to David—are bound by one purpose, one motive, one common impulse, continuous, enduring. It has its illustration in a like incident when Judah pleading that Joseph shall not keep Benjamin in Egypt because of the grief it will give to Jacob says: "His life is bound up in the lad's life; it shall come to pass when he seeth that the lad is not with us, that he will die." So to break into one life so bound to another is to do grievous wrong to that other, so closely are they one.

Such being their oneness we are not surprised to read the further statement, "Jonathan loved David as his own soul." David's life was as precious, held in as high esteem by Jonathan as was his own life. Men say that the second great commandment as enunciated by Christ is too lofty a command—that human nature cannot attain unto it. Yet here we have the statement that it has been done. Jonathan did it for David. To Jonathan's heart, for David to have been taken would have been as taking part of himself. Such thoughts have been had by others. Parents have been so kind to their children that they would willingly die if the child might live. And this but an instance, as says Dean Stanley, where "each found in another out of his own family that which he could not find in it."

David's own statement of this love was—"Thy love to me was wonderful, passing that of women." Many interpretations of this are possible but that which is most probable is that which speaks of woman's faithfulness as a wife. The wife is faithful not only in prosperity, but in adversity, not only in health, but in sickness; not only in the high noon tide of sunlight splendor, but when the clouds are lowering and the storms are beating upon him. So, and passing this love of woman for her husband was thy love for me.

The sacred historian says that Jonathan "delighted in David." Their friendship was not strained, Jonathan did not have to keep calling up motives, be reconsidering his purposes, in order to keep himself in heart concerning David. His friendship was smooth and steady in his flowing, and was a source of joy and gladness; not for an hour but perennial.

Such friendship *calls for sacrifice* and *self surrender.* A man may sacrifice his possessions and not surrender himself. Many would gladly obtain by purchase salvation in just that way. Again men surrender themselves and are not willing to put their possessions in Christ's keeping. They are willing to give their souls but not their sovereigns to his keeping. Jonathan did both. He gave himself and his possessions to David.

He began by giving his war cloak and weapons of war. And step by step, concession after concession, did he go till he said "Thou shalt be king and I shall be second after thee."

Very few so great surrenders are made. John the Baptist said that he could be but second. The friend to the bridegroom. He, though great crowds were thronging about him, was willing to say, "He must increase while I decrease," and quickly give place to another.

It is said that men who have devotedly loved maidens pure and true have given away to friends and have carried their burdens in their hearts. Tennyson in Enoch Arden shows Philip Ray doing just like this. And we have the other side when Enoch, after his return finds they are married, and rather than ruin their happiness, carries his burden in silence. These are great heights for human souls. Yet they sometimes reach them. They are the strides of giants. It is said the desire for power is the greatest passion of the human soul. Yet Jonathan quietly lays aside all claim to his rights in this matter.

The surrender was intensified by another thing—*the time element.* This is not duly considered and yet it is a very important question. Under an impulse men throw or give away great things as though they were but baubles. With time for consideration they would hesitate or refuse to do so. Not because it would be wrong but because their souls would not stand keyed to that tension. Jonathan's surrender was taking place thro' seven years. Sufficient time to consider; for doubts and questions to enter. And too, he could have concluded within himself. "If I but leave him alone and do not warn and protect him, there will be no need for me to surrender anything. I can talk honeyed words, and they will be but lip service. My father Saul will care for him." But nothing of this sort do we see. No doubt. No giving up of David to be done to death, but stands between him and death. No faltering, but faithful, constant through the seven long years. Oh! Jonathan, truly thou was't one according to thy name. Thou was't one "*whom God gave.*"

The friend *indeed* is the friend in *need.* Not simply theoretically and in spirit sympathizing with him, but helping him; not only in prosperity a hanger on, but in adversity one to comfort and aid. Jonathan comes to David at the stone Ezel, and in the land of Ziph, when David is fleeing and hiding from Saul. These were precious times to them. It was in these that their covenant were made. These were the external expressions of their mutual confidence and love. Again and again did they swear one to another of unchanging friendship. It is said that Jonathan made him swear again because he loved him. This suggests the thought that is in a young, true woman. Not only are the expressions of affection of her lover sweet to her, but they serve a deeper purpose. She feels that the strong, buoyant love, intense as her pure soul may be, too strong to be in the line of modesty, propriety, right. His statements of his love reassure her and she feels that in some measure she is compensated for the strong feeling filling and thrilling her own soul. Not because Jonathan distrusted David, but because it was sweet; but more, because it was the only compensation or reciprocation of his own love that he had. He made him swear again.

In these, how their souls were knit together, but especially did they give great encouragement to David in time of need. We read that "Jonathan strengthened him in the Lord." Not as relying upon the human friendship of Jonathan, but upon Divine aid. These meetings, then, brought them nearer to God. What blessed love-feasts they must indeed have been. By these

> "Vigor wedded to his blood,
> Would strike through his pulses like a God's,
> To push him forward thro' a life of shocks,
> Dangers, and deeds, until endurance grow.
> Sinew'd with action, and the full grown will,
> Circl'd thro' all experiences, pure law,
> Commeasure perfect freedom."

Friendship will *stand up in defense of its friend.* Sympathy and help even in private is much, but more than this is to defend our friend when others speak against him or would do him harm. This requires a great degree of courage. To face the frown, to dare the scorn, to feel the contempt and yet to plead for the hated one is much. How often is it exemplified—the test made, our weakness shown, when loving Christ yet we say nothing for him, when men are speaking against him—or deriding his cause and spirit. My friend, have you not been tried and found wanting? Jonathan was not found wanting. He could say to the lordly soul, "Let not the King sin against David." See I Sam. xix 4-5.

Again, it is in the range of probabilities that friendship may be misunderstood and misrepresented. This is the severest test to which a sensitive soul can be subjected. To have our thoughts misunderstood, our words misconstrued, our actions, purposes, motives, misrepresented, our whole spirit of life misapprehended, subjected to suspicion, and attributed to low, base, ignoble ends and aims and origin. What is worse than this! Aspirations pure and true lie crushed and bleeding. No hand to do do them good. To feel that our intentions are for true and worthy things, so far as we can understand the true and worthy, that the motives to which we yield are pure and good so far as we can understand the pure and good, and then for one to say that all is selfish and wicked. How sad this is! And when too it is done for friendship's sake! Christ places this in highest place in the catalogue of wrong doing. When men said that he worked by Beelzebub, He said to do this hath never forgiveness. To just this was Jonathan subjected. He in friendship pleads for David. He is accused of cheating himself out of the kingdom. His life is attempted. He is stung in the abuse heaped upon his mother—thou son of the perverse, rebellious woman. I Sam. xx, 30 33.

Friendship for one does not mean that we are to be enemies to others, even though these others may be the enemies of our friend. Many so think, however. "Love me, love my dog." "Love me, hate those whom I hate, however unjust or unreasonable the ground of my hatred." We are frequently guilty of this spirit. Demanding of our friends that they go these lengths for us. We need a corrective in this. Jonathan gives it. Being David's friend does not make him unjust, untrue to Saul. No charge of that sort can be brought against him. His and Saul's friendship continued. "They were lovely and pleasant in their lives and in their death they were not divided." No, the friend should be the peacemaker. And there is reason for believing that Jonathan's friendship for David helped to cause David to think more of Saul.

Such friendship as this of Jonathan for David, as we see its sincerity, constancy, unselfish devotion, in such fidelity, under such severe tests, shows us a truly noble soul in Jonathan. This friendship becomes to us a revealer of character. And such it really is. The thing we love, and the way and purpose with which we love, tell the whole story of our inner life.

Such friendship tends to the *ennoblement* of character. Two gardens are side by side. It is dry; they are thirsty. Sprinkle one, and the air becomes moistened and the other is helped. Or go to the mines for diamonds and you find other gems. Cultivate those particular elements entering into friendship, and you also will awaken and strengthen all others' powers of upright life.

Such friendship helps to lead others to a higher life. Those experiencing the friendship will ask: Are there not higher possibilities for our souls? Those looking on will ask, may we not enter into this life? Thus true friendship, as I said, is a rift in the clouds through which the higher life streams upon vision so long dimmed, upon hearts long daunted.

The source of such friendship, as one has said, is "the divine affinity of virtue."

Men may claim friendship on a lower ground, revelry, dissipation, rogues, business. But there will be almost more or less suspicion, distrust, fear that the ground is not strong enough.

Plutarch said not glory, joy or wealth was the ground of the friendship of Pelopidas and Epaminondas, but "many virtue." Each feeling that for the good of their country he could use the things of the other as though they were his own.

So it was with Jonathan and David. Not David's music, poetry or bravery, but his trust in the living God. This attracted Jonathan. It was the same life as in himself. See his faith at Michmas most against the Philistines. No failure when one is true to God.

But I cannot stop without telling you of another friend. One that sticketh closer than a brother—the Lord Jesus Christ.

In his incarnation he *became one* with those whom he desired to save. He made the surrender, though rich, yet he became poor, &c. Who being in the form of God, &c., He came to those needing him or in need. The sick, not the well—the sinner, not the righteous—the poor, not the rich. He is our daysman, mediator. However, we are not to think that Saul is a representative of God Many have so looked upon God. Christ is to save from sin to God. He was not understood. And thousands to-day fail to understand him. He, too, reveals character and shows us the possibilities that are before us. His friendship, too, has its grounds in God. His purpose is to make all one.

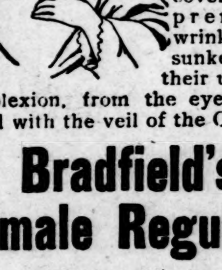
To this end are working all science, art and literature. They are helping us to the truth, clarifying vision. To this end are working all mystic brotherhoods. They teach lessons of toleration, enlarge our sympathies, helping the world to an appreciation of the fact that of one blood are all the nations of the earth.

The Magi brought gifts, gold, etc., but we, with clearer understanding, etc., will lay our "trophies at his feet and crown Him Lord of All."

Then not only will angels, but men sing: "Glory to God in the highest, peace on earth, good will to men."

Hidden Beauty

In Egypt the custom is for Princesses to hide their beauty by covering the lower part of the face with a veil. In America the beauty of many of our women is hidden because of the weakness and sickness peculiar to the sex. If the Egyptian custom prevailed in this country, many sufferers would be glad to cover their premature wrinkles, their sunken cheeks, their unhealthy complexion, from the eyes of the world with the veil of the Orient.



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brings out a woman's true beauty. It makes her strong and well in those organs upon which her whole general health depends. It corrects all menstrual disorders. It stops the drains of Leucorrhœa. It restores the womb to its proper place. It removes the causes of headache, backache and nervousness. It takes the poor, debilitated, weak, haggard, fading woman and puts her on her feet again, making her face beautiful by making her body well.

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W. W. Mayhew, Merton, Wis., says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping cough, pneumonia and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. King Bros.

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need not lose flesh in summer if you use the proper means to prevent it. You think you can't take SCOTT'S EMULSION in hot weather, but you can take it and digest it as well in summer as in winter. It is not like the plain cod-liver oil, which is difficult to take at any time.

If you are losing flesh, you are losing ground and you need

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50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
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The Virginia Democratic convention advises the call for a state constitutional convention. It instructs for Bryan.

At 10:30 o'clock Wednesday 201 bodies had been taken from the mine at Schofield, Utah. Between 300 and 400 men went into the mine before the explosion.

President Alderman returns from New Orleans, where he has been in conference with the trustees of Tulane University. He has not yet come to any decision in the matter.

On the bearing for bail in the Goebel murder case W. H. Culton testified that Youtsey told him Goebel was to be shot and he told Governor Bradley. Youtsey proposed that it be done from the secretary of state's office.

BLOOD POISON CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Deep-seated, obstinate cases, the kind that have resisted doctors, hot springs and patent medicine treatment, quickly yield to B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) thoroughly tested for 30 years. Have you mucous patches in your mouth? Sore Throat? Eruptions? Eating Sores? Bone Pains? Itching Skin? Swollen Glands? Stiff Joints? Copper Colored Spots? Chancres? Ulceration on the body? Hair and eyebrows fall out? Is the Skin a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers? Then this wonderful B. B. B. specific will completely change the whole body into a clean, perfect condition, free from eruptions, and skin smooth with the glow of perfect health. B. B. B drains the poison out of the system so the symptoms cannot return. At the same time B. B. B. builds up the broken down constitution and improves the digestion. So sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle will be given away free of charge.

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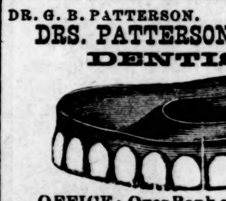
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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.............MAY 10, 1900

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

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FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor, CHARLES B. AYCOCK, of Wayne county.
For Lieutenant-Governor, W. D. TURNER, of Iredell.
For Secretary of State, J. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction, GENERAL T. F. TOON, of Robeson.
For Treasurer, B. R. LACY, of Wake.
For Auditor, DR. B. F. DIXON, of Cleveland.
For Attorney-General, ROBERT D. GILMER, of Haywood.
For Commissioner of Agriculture, SAMUEL F. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.
For Commissioner of Labor and Printing, H. B. VARNER, of Davidson.
For Chairman of Corporation Commission, FRANKLIN McNEILL, of New Hanover.
For Member Corporation Commission, SAMUEL L. ROGERS.
For Judge of Tenth District, W. B. COUNCIL, of Watauga.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Sickness in the staff of the OBSERVER for a month past, as well as an unprecedented pressure on our columns by correspondents and others, has prevented us from giving our usual attention to the larger politics of the day. Under this head falls the able speech of our Representative in Congress, Mr. Thomas, upon "The Meaning and Cost of Imperialism—The Expansion of Jefferson and Imperialism of McKinley Contrasted." This we shall review at length at another time, and, if not too long, shall publish in full.

Another matter deserving attention, is the second edition of Captain W. R. Bond's "Pickett or Pettigrew," a copy of which the author has just sent us. It was first published in 1888. The publication of the War Records by the government has brought to light such an overwhelming mass of testimony in disproof of the vile calumnies which were heaped upon the troops of North Carolina at Gettysburg, in order, apparently, to blind the public to the shortcomings of others, and the demand for the first edition of Captain Bond's brochure has so increased, that he has brought out the present enlarged edition. Captain Bond has done a noble work in collating the facts which show that Pettigrew and the North Carolinians far, very far, surpassed Pickett and his troops, in their respective achievements, on that memorable field.

The Populist Convention.

The Bryan Populists met to-day in national convention at Sioux Falls, South Dakota. Our afternoon dispatches may contain news from there, but it is probable that nothing decisive will be done until to-morrow. A telegram, of Monday night's date, says:

"The great contest of the convention will be over the Vice-Presidency. It is considered likely that the selection will be left to a committee which will confer with a similar committee appointed by the Democratic convention at Kansas City."

A telegram of the same date from Chicago, where representatives of the Democratic national organization and of that of the Populists and Silver Republicans were conferring, gives a similar prognostication, as follows:

"The Populist plan does not contemplate the nomination of Mr. Towne at the National Convention this week at Sioux Falls, S. D. The programme of the leaders contemplates the nomination of Bryan at Sioux Falls without naming anyone for second place. The convention, it is stated, will be asked to name a committee to attend the Democratic and Silver Republican conventions in Kansas City. This committee will be empowered to ratify the nominations of the two parties, which are expected to agree on a national ticket."

If the plans thus outlined are carried out, the difficulties which the anti-Bryanites were predicting would confront the Democracy will not materialize.

"The Worst Form of Tyranny."

A St. Paul, Minn., telegram says:

Judge Lochren today filed in the United States Circuit Court his decision on the application of Rafael Ortiz, a Porto Rican, to be released from the Minnesota State prison.

Ortiz was convicted by a military tribunal in Porto Rico for the murder of a United States soldier and condemned to die. The sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

The application for release was based on the claim that the military authorities had no jurisdiction over Ortiz; that peace had been declared and that he should have had a civil trial.

Judge Lochren refused the application in an oral decision Thursday last and today filed an exhaustive opinion in the case.

The decision bears largely on constitutional questions which have arisen on the position of Porto Rico as a territory of the United States. The decision says:

"Our general government was founded by the men of the Revolution, who had rebelled against the arbitrary power asserted by Great Britain to govern her outlying colonies at the will of her Parliament. They established this Government upon the asserted theory that all just powers of government come from the consent of the governed. They founded, as described by President Lincoln in language not yet forgotten, 'A Government of the people, by the people, for the people.' It will be, indeed, marvelous if it is made to appear that these men who then founded our National Government so constructed it that it is capable of ruling with unlimited power a subject people who have neither guaranties to protect them nor any voice in the government. This is foreign absolutism—the worst form of tyranny.

"If the Constitution does not extend to Porto Rico and our other new acquisitions of territory Congress has the untrammeled, absolute power to establish subject governments or make laws for such territories. It has the power to establish dependent monarchies or satrapies, state religions, and even slavery.

"The national Government of the United States was created and its powers and jurisdiction granted and limited by the Federal Constitution. Its powers can only be increased by amendment of that instrument.

"The power of the general Government to acquire additional territory rests upon its constitutional power to make war, which may result in conquest, and its like power to make treaties, which may bring territory by cession. The power to govern such acquired territories results from the power to admit new States and to make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States.

"This clause authorizes Congress to legislate in respect to a territory in local as well as national matters before its admission to statehood in the Union.

"The novel doctrine that the power of Congress to govern territory ceded to the United States may be conferred by a foreign sovereign, by and through the terms of the treaty of cession, and that the general government can exercise powers thus granted by a foreign sovereign independent of and in disregard of the Constitution, until Congress, mayhap in the future, shall by its enactment see fit to extend the Constitution over the territory, is contrary to the holding of the Supreme Court of the United States to the effect that the general government is one of enumerated powers and can claim and exercise no power not granted to it by the Constitution, either expressly or by necessary implication. It is clear that the general government cannot legislate over territory where the Constitution from which its every power is derived does not extend. The Constitution must be in force over a territory before the general government can have any authority to legislate respecting it. No foreign sovereign can invest the general government with any legislative power.

"It must be held that upon the cession by Spain to the United States of the Island of Porto Rico, that island became a part of the dominion of the United States, as much so as is Arizona or Minnesota, and that the Constitution of the United States, ex propria vigore, at once extended over the island, and that this extension of the Constitution gave Congress, whose every power must come from that instrument, the authority to legislate in respect to that island as a part of the United States territory.

"It follows that all the provisions of the Constitution in respect to personal and property rights, including the right to trial by jury in criminal prosecution, became at once, when the cession was completed, a part of the supreme law of the land."

A Neat Rebuke.

Salisbury Truth-Index.

Some people build with one hand and destroy with the other. Frequently their destroying power is greater than their building capacity.

An industrious man succeeds in amassing property; takes to drink and soon destroys all he had accomplished. Perhaps one works diligently all the week and receives a considerable sum, the reward of his diligence and industry; then Saturday night throws it all away, at a saloon or gambling den. He is worse off Monday than he was a week before and it is only a question of time when he will be unable to build at all. Some man professes to be a christian and joins the church and sets out to aid in building up the cause of christianity; but he lives a bad, dissolute life and does great damage to the cause he professes to favor.

A person or journal may profess to favor a cause and may advocate it in a general way and then destroy all he or it has done, by opposing the avowed principles of that cause and discrediting its leaders and dividing its supporters. This is building with one hand and pulling down with the other.

To be true and loyal to a cause, we must yield acquiescence to the decision of a majority of its supporters.

It is well to advocate the election of the Democratic candidates and the adoption of the constitutional amendment, it is better to join with such advocacy a hearty approval of the platform adopted; if one cannot conscientiously do that, silence upon that point should be maintained, lest more harm than good results.

Would it not be wise for some to consider that the adoption of their ideas by the Democratic party would be the death knell of all its hopes of success? Is it not true in politics as well as in strikes and everything else that public sympathy is necessary to success? Can public sympathy be secured by antagonizing the sentiments of the vast majority of the party?

Let us have harmony and to that end not antagonize the majority; but, if we can not approve, be silent.

Red Springs Items.

Red Springs, May 5, 1900.

Yesterday was a gala day in Red Springs—tree day, was observed, and all class—Seniors 8, Juniors 22, members, Sophs and Freshmen did their parts well. A large crowd was present—visitors from Lumber Bridge, Shannon, Raeford, Laurinburg, Maxton, Lumberton, &c.

The students received much applause and praise.

Laurinburg base ball team defeated the academy in a close interesting ball game by superior base running.

Local politics are warning up, two tickets out.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases, etc., etc.

This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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We, the undersigned, have known F. J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the sytem. Price, 75c. per bottle Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Cleanse the liver, purify the blood, invigorate the body by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills always act promptly. King Bros.

RALEIGH LETTER.

Political and General News and Gossip from the State Capital.

Pritchard Will Not Accept U. S. Judgeship—He is Absolute Dictator of His Party—Convention the Whitest Ever Held By Republicans—Weak Nominees—Other Matters of Interest—Numerous News Notes.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1900.

While the Republican State convention was in session here last week, Parson Dan Albright Long (lately returned from a long residence in Ohio to his native county of Alamance) had the temerity to propose the name of Col James E. Boyd, of the Department of Justice at Washington, for delegate-at large to the national Republican convention, before any other gentleman was suggested—even before Senator Pritchard! Col. Boyd was on the stage, and rushing up to Senator Pritchard (who was again sitting near the writer), exclaimed:

"May I say a word?"

The Senator nodded, and Col. Boyd hurried to the front and declared that he would not permit his election before that of Senator Pritchard, "the recognized leader of the party," as a delegate.

Dr. Long then got out of his dilemma by temporarily withdrawing Boyd until Pritchard was nominated (with enthusiasm, the delegates all rising from their seats), when he again named Boyd as the Senator's "right bower."

All this is not to be wondered at, however. Senator Pritchard is probably the ablest man in his party in North Carolina, and he is personally a popular man and pleasant gentleman socially. His personal and political popularity is also contributed to by the demeanor and management of his private secretary, Mr. W. S. Hyams, who is an exceedingly clever, obliging and companionable gentleman.

A WEAK AND FIGURE HEAD TICKET.

Here is the ticket put up, and the general comment is that it is a weak one, not even on a par with the Populist toy-soldier slate:

For Governor, Spencer B. Adams, of Guilford; Lieutenant Governor, Claude Dockery, of Richmond; Auditor, J. S. Rollins, of Madison; Secretary of State, J. F. Parrott, of Lenoir; Treasurer, L. L. Jenkins, of Gaston; Attorney General, Z. V. Walser, of Davidson; Superintendent of Public Instruction, N. C. English, of Randolph; Commissioner of Agriculture, Abner Alexander, of Tyrrell; Commissioner of Labor, T. S. Malloy, of Rockingham; Corporation Commissioners, C. E. Reynolds, of Forsyth (six years term), and J. A. Francks, of Swain (four years terms); electors at large, A. H. Price, of Rowan, and J. R. McRay, of Davidson; delegates to National convention, Jeter C. Pritchard, James E. Boyd, Charles McNamee and E. C. Duncan. Most of these are well known Republicans, but none is of extraordinary ability, and neither nor all calculated to set the political woods afire.

A H. Price, one of the electors, is a son of Hon. Charles Price, of Salisbury. He placed Judge Adams in nomination for Governor, and the eloquent speech he made caused his selection as elector. He had not been thought of in that connection previously, I am informed.

WHITEST STATE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION EVER HELD.

It was a "lily-white" affair, as nearly as it could be made—only about 20 of the 240 delegates being negroes, or "colored." All the balance were "plain" as to complexion, and the great majority were office holders.

Had Senator Pritchard fully succeeded in his plans, there would not have been a negro delegate in the convention. As it was, his orders in this respect were pretty faithfully carried out.

Of course this was only a temporary ruse, chiefly for the benefit of the western voters, and the next convention will again be as black and-tan an affair (with a majority of negro delegates) as any of the predecessors of this one. The negroes are "keeping out of sight" during this campaign (only till election day, however, when they will all show up) in order to carry out the game of false pretences introduced by the Republican managers. It will not work, however, as the ruse is so plain an idiot can see through its purpose.

All the nominations were made by "acclamation," and there is not a candidate on the ticket who at heart entertains the slightest hope of election.

WHY NO STATE "FUSION" SO FAR.

The one and only reason there has been no "fusion" between the Pops. and Reps. on the State ticket to date, is because both parties recognize that it would be hopeless to attempt to defeat the Democrats this year.

Knowing defeat is certain, they adopt such plans as they think will most contribute to mislead the "common people," and enable them to more successfully misrepresent the amendment, the attempt to defeat which is the chief end and aim of both of the opposition parties this year. When it comes to legislative and county and congressional candidates, there will be "fusion" in many counties and several districts.

RUSSELL SNUBBED AND HIS FRIENDS MAD.

The old sore which Governor Russell has been nursing was aggravated by the action of the convention in snubbing the Governor by declining to send him as one of the four delegates-at-large to the national convention, it always being usual to send the governor as such delegate by the party in power.

CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY.

The observance of this sacred day (May 10th) will be as general as usual in North Carolina this year, it is learned. Here in Raleigh the address of the occasion will be delivered by Major H. A. London, of Pittsboro, editor of the *Record*, by invitation of the Ladies' Memorial Association (God bless 'em!) who have charge of the sacred work. Besides the local military company and the A. and M. College cadets, the Durham soldier boys, headed by Gen. Julian S. Carr, Commander-in-Chief of the N. C. Division of Confederate Veterans, will participate in the celebration at beautiful "Oakwood" cemetery. Elector Dan Hugh McLean delivers the address at Fayetteville Thursday, and Rev. J. A. Weston at Hickory.

THE VANCE STATUE.

The granite-and-cement base and pedestal upon which the bronze statue of Zebulon Baird Vance is to be placed this summer in Capitol Park here, have been completed and are now ready to receive the splendid counterfeit of that best beloved of North Carolinians. The statue, it is now known definitely, will be delivered here in ample time for the unveiling ceremonies to be observed on July 4th, as contemplated. It is believed that one of the greatest crowds ever gathered in North Carolina on such an occasion will assemble here on that date.

NUMEROUS NEWS NOTES.

The Federal "patronage" (office holding) in North Carolina, all of which is controlled by Senator Pritchard, is said to amount to a million or more dollars in salaries.

Carolina cotton-seed oil mill men are much concerned over the threatened passage of a measure by Congress known as the "Grout bill," and delegates are going to Washington to protest against its passage.

The new board of public school directors in various counties, appointed under the act of the last Legislature, will go into office on the first Monday in July, according to an opinion just given by Attorney-General Walser to Superintendent of Instruction Mebane.

The May crop report of the State Department of Agriculture will state that there is an increase of twenty per cent. in cotton acreage in North Carolina this year.

LLEWXAM.

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT SLOCOMB.

At the annual meeting, last week, of the Chamber of Commerce, President Slocomb delivered an address of which the subjoined is a synopsis. It was able, instructive and patriotic, and in fine temper. It was delivered with grace and impressiveness. Mayor Cook and City Attorney Oates were among the delighted audience of members.

* * * * The commercial history of Fayetteville furnishes many instructive lessons to the present generation. Sixty-five years ago this town was the wealthiest and most populous in the State. The causes of its decline in relative importance are easily explained. Before the era of Railroads, situated at the head of navigation of the most navigable river in the State, thus giving comparatively cheap transportation to a point more than one hundred miles in the interior, it became the distributing centre for a vast territory, embracing Western North Carolina, Eastern Tennessee, South West Virginia, and the border counties of South Carolina. The products of this immense region naturally came to the same market. Fortunes were thus accumulated by the merchants and traders of this town. Large investments were made as the country improved, in lines of plank roads, extending in every direction, in the vain effort to hold this trade against the competition of Railroads, which were then coming into existence. Year by year, Fayetteville dwindled in importance as a trading centre. The money accumulated by trade had to find other employment in less active channels. It was principally invested in stocks and bonds, investments then considered safe, and which yielded to their owners incomes amply sufficient for their wants. The war swept all this property away; no town in the South suffered more than Fayetteville from its vicissitudes. Its close found all classes impoverished. Furthermore, we were burdened with an enormous municipal debt, with revenues insufficient to pay ordinary expenses and the interest on the bonds. Real estate depreciated as taxes increased. At one time, the rate of taxation for all purposes was nearly three per cent. on an excessive valuation. We were compelled to apply to the Legislature for relief—to surrender our Charter and compromise with our creditors. Our bonded indebtedness was at once reduced to about $112,000, and, subsequently by annual payments, to about $50,000. For many years, we enjoyed a certain degree of prosperity by utilizing the products of the forests—turpentine and timber. These sources of income are now practically exhausted, and we are confronted with new conditions. Our only salvation, our only hope of adding ours to the list of progressive towns in the South, lies in introducing new industries and in further developing our manufacturing interests. I can name a dozen cities in this State—mere hamlets a quarter of a century ago—which are now rich and populous and have left Fayetteville far behind. This, while it wounds our pride, should inspire us to greater efforts to place ourselves abreast, if not in advance of them, in the march of progress. We have lagged behind too long; we must put behind us the spirit of old fogyism which clings to the old and clamors against change. The moss-backs must be relegated to the rear. We need the inspiration of new ideas and the infusion of new blood into our business life. We must extend a hearty welcome to the new comer who brings hither his capital and his enterprise to cast in his lot with us. We must be tolerant of his opinions; we must see to it that he can avail himself of the usual comforts and conveniences of urban life, to which he has been accustomed, or he will not remain. Our streets are not properly lighted, but this will be remedied in the near future. We have, indeed, a magnificently constructed water-works system, furnishing an abundant supply of pure and wholesome water, but this fails in its usefulness for the lack of sanitary sewerage.

And right here I deem it proper to explain the attitude of the Directors of the Chamber of Commerce towards this most important matter, for we are all aware that it has been greatly misunderstood and misrepresented. We are practically a unit in the opinion that a system of sewerage should be constructed at the earliest possible moment, and that the proposition of Col. Mallett and his associates, in a general way, presents a reasonable and even liberal basis for negotiations to that end. Sewerage is an imperative necessity for the health, comfort and convenience of our citizens. We do not attempt to dictate to the town authorities; all we have done, or properly can do, is to urge on them the serious consideration of this question. When the contract has been drawn up and carefully scrutinized in all its details, then we may agree with the Mayor and Commissioners, that this great improvement had better be postponed for two or three years, until the time comes, under the contract with the Water works Company, when the town can avail itself of the option of purchase. But, if the town is to own the water-works and to construct a sewerage system, which shall extend through its whole area, even the outlying wards, will it not enormously increase our bonded debt? Will our taxpayers agree to bear an additional burden of say $150,000? We have learned by sad experience that a heavy municipal debt is a fearful drawback to the growth and prosperity of a city. The directors have carefully discussed this matter in all its bearings, and we greatly fear that, if the present opportunity is lost, the construction of a sewerage system will be indefinitely postponed. We trust that the conference, which is shortly to take place between the representatives of the Water-works Company and the Commissioners, will result in a contract which will commend itself to the intelligent judgment of all our citizens who really have at heart the upbuilding of our town.

Now is an auspicious time for entering on this great improvement. Capital is everywhere abundant and seeking investment, especially in the South. Will present conditions continue indefinitely? What has been said of individuals may apply to communities: "There is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at its flood, leads on to fortune." Experience shows that booms in business are short lived and are usually followed by long periods of depression.

The full and exhaustive report of our secretary shows in detail the work accomplished by the Chamber of Commerce during the past year, but we trust that it is only the beginning of what the future has in store for us. Never since the war has the outlook been brighter.

Among the new enterprises contemplated, the construction of the dam at Buckhorn Falls, for the purpose of transmitting electric power to Fayetteville, deserves special mention. It is difficult to overestimate the influence that the distribution of this enormous power will have on our industrial development. Coal is advancing in price, wood is becoming scarcer and dearer year by year, and it is reasonably certain that power that can be supplied at a cost of $15 per horse per annum, will all be speedily utilized by manufacturers.

But, with all our natural advantages, we can make Fayetteville what she ought to be—the largest manufacturing center in the State—only by organized and persistent effort.

THE AMENDMENT AS A MORAL QUESTION.

Correspondence of the Observer.

BY Q K. NIMOCKS.

Our political and moral or religious lives as a people are so intimately related that whatever effects one touches the other also. This is true of any form of government, but especially true of a republican government like ours, where the will of the people is the law of the land. Corrupt civil government means debauched morality, and vice versa. We find an illustration of this fact in the once mighty government of the Roman empire, and more recently in the history of decadent Spain. So that whatever tends to the purity of civil government contributes to private virtue at the same time. The proposed Constitutional Amendment promotes this wholesome result,

1st, By purifying the very fountain of government—the ballot. A corrupt fountain cannot send forth at the same place sweet water and bitter; nor can we reasonably expect a greater degree of civic virtue so long as the responsible source of government—the people—are content to let this poisoned fountain remain pulluted.

2nd, The Amendment, if passed, (as it will be,) promises to neutralize and sweeten this poisoned spring, removing that which contaminates it, that its waters may be made pure and refreshing to the body politic, rather than "bitter" and corrupting.

3rd, The Amendment contemplates a higher political plane. Its primary objects being to secure permanently to the white men of the state the inherent right of government by white men, the elimination by lawful and peaceful method of that which has heretofore menaced such a result, viz: the solid and ignorant negro vote, is but an incident to the larger scheme of a nobler government and a higher civilization made possible by the Amendment.

The adoption of the Amendment will usher in the dawn of a brighter and a better era in our good old commonwealth. Not only in a great industrial revival, but in educational matters and in the moral and religious interests of the state as well; for all these blessings follow in the wake of a fixed, stable and beneficent government, even as the shining day succeeds the gloom of night. Then white men may safely divide on public questions, if so inclined, unhaunted by the old spectre of "negro domination." Its adoption guarantees political freedom—a priceless possession to any people. And those who oppose the Amendment because it does all these things are guilty of wicked selfishness equaled in degree only by their lack of patriotism.

Wherever the suffrage question has been settled on the lines proposed in our Amendment, peace, prosperity and happiness reign supreme. Look at South Carolina, to-day the leading industrial State of the South, second only to Massachusetts in the Union. It only became so after settling the suffrage question once for all. In my native State of Mississippi a similar law prevails, and the "before and after" effect of the law is like a leap out of the darkness of the Middle Ages into the glorious dawn of the Twentieth Century. And the man who would now suggest a repeal of the law in that State would be justly regarded as the victim of a mental delusion, or a strong candidate for political suicide, if not worse.

There is enough of good in our proposed Amendment to challenge the hearty support of all classes, including the negro himself. Not the least among the blessings it confers will be the prevention of political "bossism", a result insured by the proposed adoption of the legitimate corollary of the Amendment, the legalized Primary, whereby the humblest voter may record his ballot on men and measures according to his own convictions. But to moral people—to that large and influential element within our borders who believe that "righteousness exalteth a nation" and who are therefore advocates of all that makes for righteousness, this question of the Amendment appeals with peculiar force, because of its abundant promise of moral betterment to all the people.

The party which has had the courage to champion this great question also had the wisdom to select candidates worthy of the high issues it represents; and the happy combination is one that invites the active sympathy and ardent support of all who fear God and love their fellow man, regardless of party affiliation, for the principles involved in the Amendment makes it more than a mere party question.

Lumber Bridge Locals.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

A. L. Shaw, M. L. Marley, D. B McGougan, W. S. Cobb, J. D. Cobb, J. D. McGougan and Dan Smith were of the number who went up Monday to Fayetteville to hear the candidates.

General T. F. Toon spent Sunday night with Rev. J. W. Cobb.

The Lumber Bridge Light Infantry leave for Charlotte Monday evening, May 21st.

The Academy closes with a concert on the night of May 17th.

Misses Maggie Malloy and Jennie McGeachy left yesterday (Friday) to visit relatives in Georgia.

An ice-cream supper was given by the young men last night at the hospitable home of Mr. N. Shaw.

JESSUP SAYINGS.

JESSUP, N. C., May 5, 1900.

Mr. W. L. Blackman returned from Columbus county, where he has been selling Queen Safes.

Mrs. J. J. Poe is quite ill.

Mr. J. W. Craven brilliantly entertained many of his numerous friends at his home, Wednesday.

We regret to learn that Prof. W. P. M. Currie, of Carthage, is seriously ill at the home of his mother near Jackson Springs.

Mr. Peter Campbell died at his home near Pocket post office, on Sunday last of pneumonia. The deceased was 70 years of age, a member of Euphronia Presbyterian church, and a man highly esteemed by all who knew him. He leaves three children to mourn their loss, Mrs. J. A. McLeod, of Euphronia, Mrs. D. M. Underwood, of Carbonton, and Mr. Wm. R. Campbell, of Tillery, N. C.

Mr. Hugh Jackson attended the M. E. Quarterly Conference held at Cool Springs Church, Saturday and Sunday.

DONTON.

GILBERT ITEMS.

GILBERT, N. C., May 5, 1900.

Miss Mary Jane Buchanan, of Cameron, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. L. E. Four, of this place.

Mrs. Manda Fields, of Greensboro, is visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Miss Sarah Wadsworth, of Greenwood, is visiting Mrs. J. D. Spivy.

We are sorry to note the illness of Mr. Geo. Lewis.

Mr. Bart. Tyson, spent Sunday, visiting at Mr. E B. Kelly's.

Mr. Peter Campbell, died at his home near here Sunday, April 29th, of pneumonia, aged 72. The funeral took place Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock a. m., from Euphronia church.

Mr. A. L. McIntosh, of Carthage, is visiting his mother.

Mr. Hugh Jackson, of this place attended quarterly conference at Cool Springs, Sunday.

Wheat is looking well and farmers are expecting a good crop.

The farmers are badly behind with their work. The progress of planting has been slow; owing to the almost continuous and heavy rains. Preparations for cotton have been much delayed, but if the weather continues good, farmers will be through planting before many days.

ALBAN.

Hon. Locke Craig to Speak at Hope Mills and Fayetteville.

Chairman Cook has named Hope Mills (No. 1) on the night of May 16th and Fayetteville on the night of the 17th for Hon. Locke Craig to speak.

He has sent notices to Hope Mills Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and Cumberland, Roslin and Alderman of the Hope Mills speaking. The Committee at Hope Mills is expected to make all necessary arrangements.

The speaking in Fayetteville will be in the Court House and the people of the city and of the Holt-Morgan village are cordially invited to be present as well as others who can attend.

The speaker is an orator and the ladies are expected to attend in large numbers.

SALESWOMEN understand what torture is. Constantly on their feet whether well or ill. Compelled to smile and be agreeable to customers while dragged down with some feminine weakness. Backaches and headaches count for little. They must keep going or lose their place.

WOMEN WHO EARN THEIR LIVING

To these Mrs. Pinkham's help is offered. A letter to her at Lynn, Mass., will bring her advice free of all charge.

MISS NANCIE SHOBE, Florence, Col., writes a letter to Mrs. Pinkham from which we quote:

"I had been in poor health for some time, my troubles having been brought on by standing, so my physician said, causing serious womb trouble. I had to give up my work. I was just a bundle of nerves and would have fainting spells at monthly periods. I doctored and took various medicines, but got no relief, and when I wrote to you I could not walk more than four blocks at a time. I followed your advice, taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier in connection with the Vegetable Compound and began to gain in strength from the first. I am getting to be a stranger to pain and I owe it all to your medicine. There is none equal to it, for I have tried many others before using yours. Words cannot be said too strong in praise of it."



MISS POLLY FRAME, Meade, Kan., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write you in regard to what your medicine has done for me. I cannot praise it enough. Since my girlhood I had been troubled with irregular and painful periods and for nearly five years had suffered with falling of the womb, and whites. Also had ovarian trouble, the left ovary being so swollen and sore that I could not move without pain. Now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, that tired feeling is all gone, and I am healthy and strong."



WE ARE OVERSTOCKED With Bissell Chilled Plows,

Which have proved superior to the Oliver. To reduce surplus, we will sell One, Two and Three Horse Plows at 25 per cent. below their value. Prices on application.

DIXIE, FARMER'S FRIEND IMPERIAL and OTHER PLOWS and REPAIRS.

ROAD CARTS $12.50 EACH. | A SPECIAL LOT OF THE BEST HAND CORN PLANTERS PRICE $1.00 EACH.

A FINE LINE OF... BUGGIES, HARNESS, &c. at popular prices.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

THE IMPLEMENT CO., 1302-1304 EAST MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust."

Washing Dish Cloths

Kitchen cloths must of course be washed daily, otherwise they harbor grease and odors and become unhealthy. They should be made of knit-crochet-cotton, in a square of suitable size. When you wash them, if you will add a tablespoonful of

Gold Dust Washing Powder

to the hot water it will cut the grease and clean them in half the time; dry them out in the sunshine and air.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK" Sent free on request to

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.



WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the Observer.

Washington, D. C., May 7, 1900.

Senator Morgan is working faithfully to try to upset the administration programme of hanging up, in the Senate, the Nicaragua Canal bill, which passed the House with only a handful of adverse voters. He fully realizes the difficulties of the task, but is confident that there are enough Republicans in the Senate, who believe with the Democrats in an American canal, to bring success. Time will soon tell, but as Senator Tillman said a short time ago, the Republican party has the best organization any party has ever had in Congress, and, although there are at times spluttering and kicking, in the end the orders of the boss are usually carried out to the letter. In this case, the order is to hang up the Nicaragua Canal bill. A Senator who wishes Senator Morgan success, but whose name is not given, is quoted by a local paper as having said, "I am aware, and so is everybody else who has given the subject close attention, that the administration is opposed to an American Inter-Ocean Canal, and in the hope of preventing the consummation of the enterprise, the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was framed. This cannot be shown conclusively to the people until a bill, ignoring altogether Great Britain's claim to consideration in the matter is passed by Congress and sent to the President for approval. I am satisfied that Mr. McKinley will have to veto it, much as he would fear the result of such an act; then he and his party could no longer claim that they were not committed to partnership with England in this canal proposition." Senator Allison very frankly states that the administration Senators intend to defeat Senator Morgan and prevent the taking up of the Canal bill by the Senate at this session of Congress.

Another play was made in the administration's game with England, when Secretary Hay and the British Ambassador signed a new agreement extending the time within which the two governments may exchange ratification of the Canal treaty, now hung up in the Senate, seven months from the 5th of next August, which was the limit set by the last agreement. Unless Senators eat their words, that treaty will not be ratified by the Senate, as at present made up.

The Porto Rican law has already had to be remedied by additional Congressional legislation, and the Hawaiian law will have to be. The latter failed to provide for a collector of Internal Revenue, or for an extension of the United States Postal laws, and Secretary Gage has informed the Cabinet that he does not consider the authority given him by the law sufficient to justify the payment of the Hawaiian public debt. The country will not forget that the Republicans are responsible for this and other slipshod legislation, forced through Congress under the party whip and spur.

Senator Butler, of North Carolina, chairman of the Populist National committee, before leaving Washington to attend the Sioux Falls convention, declared that the convention would nominate Col. Bryan for President by acclamation, and would adopt the platform of '96, with new declarations to meet our foreign problems and the trust question. Of trusts, Senator Butler said: "The People's party has always been against trusts, and we believe that the three greatest trusts relate to money, transportation and the transmission of intelligence. People who control these trusts can control the government, and we will, therefore, suggest that these three great factors in the nation's development should be under governmental control."

Democrats would ask nothing better than that Secretary Long, who seems just now to be the favorite candidate, should be nominated on the McKinley ticket for Vice-President. Mr. Long's attitude in the Schley-Sampson controversy has been such that he would materially weaken the ticket.

The decision of U. S. Judge Lochren, at St. Paul, Minn., that the U. S. Constitution was extended to Porto Rico on the day that the terms of the treaty of peace with Spain went into effect, has greatly disturbed administration circles, foreshadowing, as it does, a similar decision on the part of the U. S. Supreme Court when an opportunity is offered. If the power and influence of the administration can prevent it, no opportunity will be given the Supreme Court to pass on the question until after the Presidential election.

Representative Dick, of Ohio, otherwise known as Boss Hanna's Man Friday, has gone to Cincinnati, where the middle-of-the-road Populists will hold their National convention this week, and there are good reasons for the belief that he expects to play a leading part in controlling the action of that convention. Senators have been publicly saying for some time that Hanna's agents were offering free transportation and hotel expenses to delegates to that convention from various sections of the country. It is Hanna's intention that this convention shall nominate a ticket of its own in opposition to that nominated at Sioux Falls, which he relies upon to help the Republicans carry several States by splitting the Populist vote, and Dick has been sent to see that the intention is carried out.

The Monument Association.—Important Meeting.

The Committee on Designs for Confederate Monument met in the parlor of Hotel LaFayette on Friday afternoon. Nine ladies and nine gentlemen were present. Designs from three competing firms were examined. After a full and free interchange of opinion among the ladies, and the gentlemen invited to aid them, it was resolved that at least $2,500 is necessary to erect a suitable monument, and, until that sum is raised, the selection of the design is postponed.

In furtherance of our object the public is invited to contribute.

The best means of raising this money will be determined at the regular meeting of the Association on Tuesday afternoon, 15th inst., at five o'clock, in the Hotel LaFayette parlor; and it is earnestly requested that all interested in this noble work will be present. The treasurer's report will be read at that meeting.

C G. MALLETT,
President Monument Association.

Will Be Cause for Great Rejoicing.

It is rumored to-day, and it is simply a rumor so far as we are concerned, as we have not had time to ascertain its truth, that the A. C. L. is to shortly abandon the lower Hay street crossing, over which its freight trains and the Greensboro and Wilmington trains now run, and use the upper crossing at its passenger station for all trains. The A. C. L. recently acquired a piece of land near Rankin's Mill, adjoining its freight yard, and this, it is said, is for the purpose of extending the present yard and giving a good connection between the main line and the net work of roads, formerly operated by the C. F. & Y. V.

If this is true, it will be cause for general rejoicing in Fayetteville; will remove a source of continual danger, and in this and a lessening of expense it will also be of benefit to the railroad itself.

News of Interest.

Brandfort, thirty-five miles nearer the Transvaal capital, is now Lord Roberts's headquarters.

What particularly gratifies the British public is the evidence that the army of Lord Roberts in the Orange Free State has recovered its mobility and is again capable of undertaking the general advance, so long retarded. It is hardly expected the Boers will make much of a stand south of Kroonstadt.

The central British army is now in line with the extreme left at Boshof, under Lord Methuen, and the extreme right at Elandslaagte, under General Buller, so that movements of these wings in co-operation with the army may shortly be expected.

The Raleigh News and Observer has the following:

Spencer B Adams, the Republican nominee for Governor, was born in Surry county, October 15, 1860. He studied at the law school of Dick & Dillard, at Greensboro, and obtained a license to practice law at the February term, 1882, of the Supreme court and located in the town of Yanceyville Mr. Adams was elected clerk of the Superior court of Caswell county, which position he filled for fourteen years, resigning in 1895 to take the position of judge to which he was elected, qualifying as judge January 1, 1897. He continued on the bench in the Fifth judicial district for two years, and in 1898 resigned to accept the Congressional nomination of his party. He is now secretary and treasurer of the North Carolina railroad.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys.

For biliousness, constipation and malaria.

For indigestion, sick and nervous headache.

For sleeplessness, nervousness, heart failure and nervous prostration.

For fevers, chills, debility and kidney diseases, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.

50c. and $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

GRATITUDE.

Dr. H. Mozley—Dear Sir: Since using your Lemon Elixir I have never had another attack of those fearful sick headaches, and thank God that I have at last found a medicine that will cure those awful spells. MRS. ETTA W. JONES, Parkersburg, West Virginia.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

I suffered with indigestion and dysentery for two long years. I heard of Lemon Elixir; got it; taken seven bottles and am now a well man. HARRY ADAMS, No. 1734 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

Cured my husband, who was afflicted for years with large ulcers on his leg, and was cured after using two bottles; and cured a friend whom the doctors had given up to die, who had suffered for years with indigestion and nervous prostration. MRS. E. A. BEVILLE, Woodstock, Ala.

MOZLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases Elegant, reliable.

25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

dly sat & wkly

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 10, 1900

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Harper Whisky.
Bank of Fayetteville—Statement.
O K Nimocks—Health and Wealth.
Nimocks & Cook—The Fire-Gong Sound.
Hollingsworth & Co.—Piques, Dimities, Lawns.
L. E. Parker, Mortgagee- Notice of Sale, Postponed.
J. W. McLauchlin, Administ'r—Bank Stock for Sale.

We offer the Weekly Observer and Home and Farm, one year, for only $1.25; two papers for almost the price of one.

"Home and Farm" is one of the popular papers among the farmers. It has four departments—woman's, children's, poultry and dairy. Subscribe now.

A Fine Start.

Dr. Neill MacRae, lately graduated at University College of Medicine at Richmond, arrived home Sunday morning. Dr. MacRae has been tendered the position of Pathologist at the Insane Asylum at Petersburg, Va.

Sheriff's Sale of Land.

The Sheriff's sale of land for taxes took place Monday and unusual interest was displayed by quite a large number of bidders. The Superior Court and county commissioners, which were both in session at the time, adjourned on account of the sale.

Election at Hope Mills.

The municipal election at Hope Mills Monday passed of very quietly. There was no contest over the mayoralty, but there was much rivalry in the contest for aldermen. All interest was centered in the vote for "stock law" or "no stock law." The anti stock law partisans won by a majority of 35, and the aldermen elected are all of this faith.

The following is the ticket elected:

Mayor—W. T. Tyson; aldermen: Kenneth Johnson, J. T. Arnett, H. A. Paillips, B. F. Grimes and W. J. Graham.

We were told this morning that Mr. Kenneth Johnson, one of the newley elected Board, is one of seven brothers whose aggregate weight is 1,400 pounds, and not one of whom weighs less than 170 pounds, and only two less than 200 pounds.

Will be Held in Fayetteville.

Mr. John Underwood, a member of the Democratic Executive committee of the Third Congressional district, informs us that the Congressional convention to nominate a member of Congress, will be held in this city during the month of June. This is good news, and we can assure the delegates from Moore, Harnett, Craven, Bladen, Sampson, Onslow, Jones and Duplin, which, with Cumberland, compose the district, a warm welcome.

There is no town in the district so well equipped for a convention of this sort, and besides the excellent railroad facilities, we have excellent hotel accommodations and one of the largest, if not the largest, hall in the State.

Attempted Suicide.

A telegram received here Sunday from Godwin stated that Mr. William Rhodes, son of Capt. James Rhodes, of Black River township, attempted suicide by cutting his throat, inflicting a serious gash. No other particulars were learned.

Mr. Rhodes is a young married man 26 years of age.

LATER—Since writing the above, Mr. Jernigan, a brother-in-law of young Rhodes, has just came from Godwin and tells us that Rhodes recovery is doubtful, though three physicians are attending him. Mr. Jernigan says that despondency over the dangerous illness of his wife upset his mind, and on yesterday at noon he went out into the yard and cut his throat with a razor. It is a strange coincidence that a few years ago Mr. Tillman, Mr. Jernigan's wife's brother, committed suicide by shooting himself through despondency over the dangerous illness of a child.

Near A Fatal Jump.

Mr. Paton, the photographer, came very near being killed yesterday in jumping from a train. As it is he is bruised and cut and otherwise severely injured.

Mr. Paton was a passenger on the train from Wilmington, and, when it crossed Gillespie street, with his grip in one hand and a bundle under his arm, he attempted to leave the train in order to reach home by the nearest route. He failed to loose his hold of the guard rail after jumping, and was dragged a few feet and then violently hurled on his head. It was at first thought that he had been killed, and his looks certainly justified this supposition. Blood was gushing from several ugly cuts in his head and he was unable to move.

A number of ladies in the neighborhood, who had witnessed the accident, hurried to his side and rendered valuable service, pending the arrival of medical aid. He soon recovered consciousness and was removed to his home, where he is resting fairly comfortably at this hour.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers,
The $1 sons little pills.

County Commissioners in Session—Coroner Caviness Resigns—Another Wild Cat.

The county commissioners were in session Monday, chairman Williams presiding and Messrs. D. G. Blue and W. H. Downing present.

Dr. J. E. Caviness, of Hope Mills, tendered his resignation as county coroner and a successor will be elected this afternoon. The annual election of county physician also comes off at this meeting, and the following names are being considered: Dr. J. V. McGougan, Dr. John MacRae and Dr. D. G. McKethan.

Dr. Caviness resigns on account of his removal to Moore county to practice his profession.

Mr. W. H. Everitt, of Cedar Creek, appeared before the Board with another monster wild cat, which he had captured a few days ago, and he was ordered paid the legal reward of five dollars. This is the second wild cat Mr. Everitt has captured within the past three months, and he says there are plenty more in his neighborhood.

The petition of the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company, to discontinue slip at Hope Mills, N. C., was laid over until next meeting.

The final report of the auditing committee was received and approved and settlement made in full with McD. Geddie, late Sheriff of Cumberland county, by which it appeared that the ex Sheriff was indebted to the county in the sum of $235.27, which he paid in full and was relieved from all further liability to the county.

A petition was presented by Messrs. J. W. McLauchlin and others of Quewhiffle Township for the establishment of stock law within certain territory and granted.

Dr. J. D. MacRae was elected Coroner to fill out the unexpired term of Dr. Caviness, resigned.

The election of County Physician was postponed until next meeting of the Board.

The Cape Fear Power Company was granted franchise to erect poles and wires along public roads of county for transmission of electricity.

Superior Court in Session.

The May Term of the Superior Court of Cumberland County convened Monday, His Honor, Judge H. R. Bryan presiding. There are no cases on the docket of any great local interest. The first case taken up this morning was R. E. West vs. D. S. West, a suit for divorce, and it is still on trial.

The calendar arranges for only three days, and is as follows:

NO. MONDAY, 7TH.

12 A. H. Slocomb and others vs Hardie and Ray.
46 E. J. House & Co., et al vs J. S. Benson an Will Branch.
59 William Palmer vs Daniel Evans.
60 William Palmer vs Robert Fowler et al.
61 Thomas Ward vs C. L. Russell et al.
65 Francis Burkamer et al vs Ed. Evans and wife.
75 G. Herbert Melvin vs Katie W. Melvin.
76 R E. West vs D. S. West.
87 Henry Bullock vs Sarah E. Bullock.
91 Hattie Kelley vs Frank Kelley.

NO. TUESDAY, 8TH.

39 S. B Lee vs J. S. Benson.
42 B. P. Garvin and wife vs The Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company et al.
50 W. M. Saunders vs William and King.
64 Henry G. Newell vs Thomas Fuller.
79 Edmond Elliott vs Harvy Bunce.
82 John Hall vs Nora Hall.
88 Troy C. Vann vs The City of Fayetteville.
89 J. D. Williams vs Chester Lee.
90 Henry Swinson vs W. & W. R. R. Co.
96 J. D. Worrells, Jr., vs Sidney Buxton and wife.
100 Harvey Bunce vs Edmond Elliott.
101 J. S. Maultsby vs W. S. Maultsby.
103 E. Floyd and wife et al vs Mrs. Rebecca Autry et al.

NO. WEDNESDAY, 9TH.

72 William Palmer vs A. H. Dunn.
102 J. L. Greenbaum vs Maultsby & Maultsby et al.
104 William Dawson & Carr vs W. J. Reaves.
107 James Percell vs Neill McNair.
108 William J. McDonald vs B. R. Butler.

Report of the Grand Jury.

The following is the report of the Grand Jury, sitting in this city last week:

To his Honor, Augustus M. Moore Judge Presiding, Eastern District Criminal Court, April Term, 1900:

The Grand Jury, April term, would respectfully report. We have passed on all the bills coming before us, except where the witnesses were absent. We examined the home for the aged and infirm and find it well kept and the inmates well cared for. We examined the different offices in the court house and find them neatly kept and the books all in good order. We then visited the jail in a body. We find fourteen prisoners in the jail, well supplied with bedding and substantial food. We recommend that disinfectants and other means be used to rid the jail of vermin; also recommend that the enclosure around the jail be kept clean and clear of worthless trash. We also commend the various county officers for their efficiency and faithful discharge of their duty, and for the courtesies extended to us during the sitting of the Grand Jury.

Respectfully submitted,
D. J. Ray, Foreman.
W. J. McCRANEY, Secretary.

Almost a Fatal Accident.

Saturday afternoon in Seventy first, Mr. F. R. Carter's horse, ran away with him, and came near ending his life. In falling from the saddle his foot got caught in the stirrup and he was dragged a long distance, the horse kicking him several times in the head and breaking the skull in one place. Though in a serious condition, it is thought he will recover.

EDITOR'S AWFUL PLIGHT.

F. M. Higgins, Editor Seneca, (Ills.,) News, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons, druggists.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Eight Times Elected Mayor.

When Col. W. S. Cook takes the oath of office, as Mayor of Fayetteville, before clerk of the Superior Court, McKethan, he will have entered upon his 8th term as head of our city government. This is indeed an honor to be proud of, and one that rarely falls to the lot of he most popular official.

THE VOTE.

The following is the official vote cast in the municipal election Monday, 233 persons voting:

Mayor—W. S. Cook, 230.

Board of Audit and Finance—A. E. Rankin, 232; A. Garrason, 230; R. McMillan, 230.

ALDERMEN.

W. H. Powell 227; T. H. Maultsby, 228; B. B. Taylor, 229; J. W. McNeill, 229; C. B. McMillan, 231; R. G. Haigh, 231; J. F. Johnson, 226; W. G. Hall, 229; C. D. Sedberry, 229; J. G. Hollingsworth, 230; C. W. Elliott, 230; I. W. Clark, 227; John Underwood, 231; J. A. Oates, Jr., 216; scattering, 4.

MAYOR COOK.

The following is a recent sketch of Mayor Cook, published in the Raleigh News and Observer:

He was born in Fayetteville, December 31, 1853, and educated in the Fayetteville schools.

Mr. Cook was first elected Mayor of Fayetteville in 1893 and has been elected successively every year since. No higher endorsement could be given a faithful and efficient public officer. In 1890 he was chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Cumberland and is now a director in the Fayetteville Woodenware Company, also of the Bank of Fayetteville, and the Fayetteville Cotton Mills and is President of the Fayetteville Compress and Storage Company.

Mr. Cook is also a prominent secret society man. He is an Odd Fellow and is Past Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of North Carolina. He was at one time Lieutenant Colonel of the State Guard.

A long established business enterprise, to which Mr. Cook is now giving considerable attention, is the Cape Fear River Transportation Company. He has been general manager of this company for years. It adds largely to the commercial importance of Fayetteville, running as it does boats which make regular trips between Fayetteville and Wilmington. He is also interested in a steamboat line running between Savannah and Augusta, Ga.

SUPERIOR COURT NOTES.

The City Wins in Vann Suit—Swinson Case Compromised.

The case of Mr. Troy C. Vann, vs the City of Fayetteville, was argued before Judge Bryan Tuesday afternoon by ex-Judge Sutton and Messrs. Robinson & Shaw for plaintiff, and city attorney, D. T. Oates, and George M. Rose for defendant, and was decided against the plaintiff upon demurrer (lack of sufficient cause) of defendant. The plaintiff took an appeal to the supreme court. The cause of the suit was the alleged assault on Mr. Vann by policeman Maultsby while a prisoner in the policeman's custody was attempting to assault Mr. Vann, and Mr. Vann was attempting to get at the prisoner.

The case of Henry Swinson, vs W. & W. Railroad company, was compromised, the railroad accepting a judgment against it for $175. This case is where David Watkins, "Monk Julian," the Atlantic Coast Line yard watchman, shot at Swinson, while in the discharge of his duties, who he alleges cursed and attempted to assault him.

Of five divorce cases on the docket, three have been granted and two continued as follows: Divorce granted: R. E. West vs. D. S. West; Hettie Kelly vs. Frank Kelly; John Hall vs. Nora Hall; divorce suit continued: G. Herbert Melvin vs. Katie Melvin, Henry Bullock vs. Sarah E. Bullock.

The following cases were also disposed of this morning: Thos. Ward vs. C. L. Russell et al., judgment for plaintiff; Henry G. Newell vs. Thos. Fuller, judgment for plaintiff.

MEMORIAL DAY.

The Ladies' Memorial Association have about completed all arrangements for the proper celebration of Confederate Memorial Day to-day. We learn that a choir, composed of the best talent of the several churches, will be one of the features of the ceremonies.

The following is the order of exercises:

A. B. Williams, Chief Marshal.

ASSISTANTS.

Captains J. B. Smith, D. H. Ray, J. H. Robinson, W. E. Kyle, J. A. McPherson, J. A. McArthur, Majors E. J. Hale, J. N. Prior, Charles Haigh, W. B. Draughon, A. A. McKethan, B. C. Gorham, Colonels W. J. Green, J. A. Pemberton, J. B. Starr, T. H. Sutton, C. W. Broadfoot, J. W. Atkinson, J. H. Currie, W. G. Hall, J. M. Williams, J. L. Andrews, McD. Geddie, Cyrus Murphy, J. A. Gainey, W. J. Smith, H. R. Horne, H. E. Smith, W. J. Sessoms, Frank Arnett, Joseph Atkins, J. M. Walker, H. O. Sedberry, J. W. Carroll, Thomas Powers, George M. Rose, F. R. Rose, B. G. Hollingsworth, J. L. Allen and J. W. Hollingsworth.

HONORARY MARSHALS.

J. D. Nott, W. W. Autry, George F. Byrd.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

The procession will form in front of Fayetteville Military Academy at 4 o'clock P. M.
Orator of the day, Chaplain and ladies of Confederate Memorial Association in carriages.
Confederate Veterans.
F. I. L. I. Company.
City Schools.
Mayor and City Aldermen.
Organized Bodies.
Citizens.

ORDER OF EXERCISES AT CEMETERY.

Music.
Prayer by the Rev. I. W. Hughes.
Memorial address by Hon. D. H. McLean, of Harnett.
Decoration of Soldiers' Graves.
Military Salute.

Otto Korb, Grand Chancellor, K. P., Boonville, Ind., says, "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve soothes the most delicate skin and heals the most stubborn ulcer with certain and good results." Cures piles and skin diseases. Don't buy an imitation. King Bros.

British Successes Reported From All Points.

Terrible Forest Fires in Pennsylvania.

Boers Preparing to Assault Mafeking.

No Government Cotton Report to be Issued To-Morrow---Twenty-two Sailors Perish.

In Congress.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 9.---The Ways and Means Committee to-day authorized the sub-committee to investigate the paper trusts. The free sugar resolution was adversely reported.

The Methodist Conference.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, May 9th.—The Methodist General Conference devoted most of today's session to the consideration of the report of the special commission appointed four years ago to revise the organic laws of the church.

Not a Street Car Running.

By telegraph to the Observer.

St. Louis, May 9.—Not a street car running to-day. The company officials declare the police protection inadequate and will not open the lines until the cars shall be guarded.

Twenty-Two Sailors Perish.

By cable to the Observer.

Melbourne, May 9—The British ship Sierra Nevada of Liverpool was totally wrecked outside the Heads yesterday. But five of her crew were saved. It is believed twenty-two others including the captain perished.

Populist Convention.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Sioux Falls, May 9th.—The weather today is excellent. Delegates from Minnesota, Washington, Missouri and Idaho, arrived today. The convention will nominate a full ticket before it adjourns.

No Government Cotton Report.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 9 ---There will be no cotton report on the tenth. The reason assigned by the department is that a great deal of planting remains to be done and that a report at this time might be misleading. The winter wheat report will in a majority of cases show an increase in percentage of condition over the report for April.

Appeals to McKinley.

By cable to the Observer.

The Hague, May 9th.—The Netherlands Peace Society has addressed an appeal to President McKinley begging him to further the peaceful object of the Boer mission and investigate their case and bring about arbitration to put a stop to the pernicious war with South Africa.

Terrific Forest Fires—Four Villages Destroyed.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Bradford, Pa., May 9.—As a result of forest fires since Monday, the villages of Corbett, Bingham, Newton and Ormsby have been destroyed. It is reported six persons was burned at Corbett. Three of the Dubois trains fitted with appliances for fighting flames were sent to the region and reached Dent where they are surrounded by heavy smoke. The trainmen were obliged to seek refuge in the fields. A passenger train crashed into the waiting trains and the engines were wrecked. A Newton help-train has been sent to their relief.

British Successful At All Points.

By cable to the Observer.

Smaldeel, May 8.—The British have been successful at all points recently. Hunter has passed Fourteen Streams after a fight in which twenty Boers, including two commanders, were killed. At the Vet river the Gordan Highlanders put a large commando to flight. The Eighth Hussars killed over seventy retreating Boers. Although Ian Hamilton was fighting every day last week his casualities were only one hundred.

Beers Desert Ladybrand.

Mazeru, May 9.---The Boers have deserted Ladybrand and Ficksburg. They took a lot of books and documents and destroyed such others as might give information of the origin of the war and the supplying of Free State Burghers and Cape Colony rebels with Mausers from the Transvaal.

Boers Frightened.

The roads from Wepener to Clocolon are shrouded with dust owing to the block of the continuous stream of wagons and cattle going Northward. They are now jammed together in an inextricable mass; the leaders not knowing which way to turn. The British occupation of Winburg and Senekal has frightened the Boers, who fear that their retreat may be cut off.

Boers to Assault Mafeking.

By cable to the Observer.

London, May 9th.—According to a Lorenzo Marquez dispatch, the Boers about Mafeking have been reinforced, and are preparing to assault. There are now forty-five hundred Boers about the town. Col. Plumer has succeeded in communicating with Mafeking by carrier pigeons.

An Old Lie Told Again.

Smaldeel, May 9th.—It is reported that the federals are quitting the Zand river district. It is variously stated that they are retreating towards the Vaal and are taking up a position at Boshrandk south of Kroonstad. Large numbers of Burghers have come in and delivered up Mausers and horses to the British. They affirm that there is a bitter quarrel between the Free Staters and the Transvaalers which is likely to end in the speedy surrender of the former. Gen. French has arrived here.

Edward Clifford Hung.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Jersey City, May 8.—Edward Clifford, who shot Superintendent Watson of the West Shore Railroad was hanged this morning in the Hudson county jail. He was sentenced seven times and one hundred thousand dollars spent to clear him.

The drop fell at 10:14 and Clifford was not pronounced dead until nineteen minutes and was cut down.

"No family can afford to be without One Minute Cough Cure. It will stop a cough and cure a cold quicker than any other medicine," writes C. W. Williams, Sterling Run, Pa. It cures croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles and prevents consumption. Pleasant and harmless. King Bros.

Aguinaldo at Last Heard From.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, May 7.—Telegrams from Gen. Young report that Aguinaldo has rejoined General Tino in the North and that they have reassembled a considerable force in the mountains. Gen Young desires to strike before the rains and asks for reinforcements.

Havana Editor Assassinated.

By cable to the Observer.

Havana, May 7.—Editor Alberti, of the Don Glaridades, which has been attacking the American administration was assassinated at the theatre last night. It is believed the assassin was a political enemy.

A FOLLOWER OF MEASLES.—In many instances a persistent cough follows an attack of measles. In speaking of this Mr. Walter B. Beel, editor of the Elkin (N. C.) *Times*, says: "Three weeks ago I had an attack of measles which left me with a bad cough. I took several doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the cough has entirely disappeared. I consider Chamberlain's medicines the best on the market." For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

J. I. Carson, Prothonotary, Washington, Pa., says," I have found Kodol Dyspepsia Cure an excellent remedy in case of stomach trouble, and have derived great benefit from its use." It digests what you eat and can not fail to cure. King Bros.

A. B. WILLIAMS, COTTON BUYER,

HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON.	
Middling	9¼
Strict Middling	9¼
Good Middling	9¼
Strict Good Middling	9¼

NAVAL STORES	
Spirits	44½
Common Rosin	1 10
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.	
Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.40@$2.65
Family Flour —2nd pat., sack	$2.00 @ 2.20
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb	9¼
" —ham	11a11¼
" —sides—	9¼a10
" —shoulders—	8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	45
Peas—clay	85
" —mixed	75a80
" —white,	90@100
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	55@60
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	55a60
Onions—select—per bushel	1.00a1.25
Lard—N. C.	10@11
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	25@28
Roosters—per head	18 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	8a9
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Country Butter	20@25
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	10a11
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish	1.00a1.25
Potatoes—Sweet	60a70
Pork	5@6

Copartnership Notice.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership in the drug business under the name and style of H. R. Horne & Sons.

Possessing unusual facilities and determined to establish a Model Pharmacy, they solicit a liberal share of patronage.

H. R. HORNE,
W. W. HORNE,
S. R. HORNE.

April 7, 1900.

Referring to the above announcement, the undersigned returns sincere thanks for the generous confidence and patronage which he has received during the past 35 years, and bespeaks for the new firm a continuance of the same.

H. R. HORNE.

April 7, 1900.

LOWNEY'S
Chocolate Bon Bons "Name on Every Piece."
An Easter Offering.

No more acceptable gift can be selected. Dainty, delicious and pure, the world famous confections have achieved their unequaled celebrity because of their delightful quality. If you have not tried them, we have a sample package for 10c:

KING BROS.,
Druggists,
Hotel LaFayette Building.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Bank Stock for Sale.

On the 24th day of May, at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., at 12 o'clock M. I will offer for sale two shares of Bank of Fayetteville Stock. Terms cash.

J. W. McLAUCHLIN,
Adm'r of Annie Ray.

May 2, 1900.

PIQUES DIMITIES
10, 15, 18.

LAWNS
5, 8, 10, 12½

These prices are about half of regular prices.

8, 10, 12½.

Remnants, 20c. Dimities, 2½ yd. lengths, 25c. for piece.

HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.

REPORT TO THE NORTH CAROLINA CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,

At Fayetteville, N. C., in the County of Cumberland, at the close of business on the 26th day of April, 1900.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts,	$268,995 03
Overdrafts,	1,600 00
Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages,	20,627 16
Premium on Bonds,	130 00
Banking House,	6,000 00
Furniture and fixtures,	3,050 00
All other real estate owned,	11,143 47
Demand loans on cotton,	11,500 00
Due from Banks & Bankers	48,537 82
Cash items,	445 24
Gold Coin,	5,925 00
Silver Coin,	4,590 71
Nat. Bank Notes, and other U. S. Notes,	15,213 00
Total,	$396,767 43

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in,	$ 184,440 00
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	13,511 63
Deposits subject to check,	185,156 54
Due to Banks and Bankers,	2,362 56
Cashier's Checks outstanding,	11,296 68
Total,	$396,767 43

I, John C. Haigh, Cashier of the Bank of Fayetteville, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN C. HAIGH, Cashier.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND. }

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of May, 1900.

H J. MARSH, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
H. W. LILLY,
J. R. WILLIAMS,
T. M. HUNTER, } Directors.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a mortgage deed, executed to me on the 23rd day of February, 1897, by K. E. Barefoot, and duly registered in the Register's office of Cumberland county, in Book A, No. 5, page 6, I shall sell, at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, on the

26th day of March, 1900,

the following real property, to-wit;

A certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Cumberland County, State of North Carolina, in Black River Township, and described and defined as follows:

Beginning at a cypress in the main run of Mingo and runs *N* 60½ *W* 25 poles and 15 links to a hickory on the side of the path; thence *N* 72 *W* 25 poles to a stake in the path; thence *N* 23 *W* 139 poles to a stake on the west side of Reedy Branch; thence *S* 45 *W* 26 poles to a small black gum in the edge of a small branch; thence South 57 chains and 70 links to a cypress knee in the main run of Mingo; thence up the main run as it meanders to the beginning, containing 100 acres and fully described in said mortgage

This 16th day of February, 1900.

L. E. PARKER, Mortgagee.

James D. Parker, Att'y

The above sale is postponed to

Monday, June 11th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M., by mutual consent. All rights reserved.

JAS. D. PARKER, Att'y for Mortgagee.
ROBINSON & SHAW, Att'ys for Mortg'r.

HEALTH AND WEALTH

follow the use of PERFECTION flour. Bread is the great food staple of every home. Bad bread means bad digestion; bad digestion means bad health. Wholesome bread requires pure flour. You can rely on PERFECTION *all the time.* Without exception, the BEST and CHEAPEST flour sold in Fayetteville.

TRIUMPH, made by the same Mill, is the great "STRAIGHT GRADE," and sells at $4 00 a barrel only. It makes no difference if you buy fifty barrels or a 98 lb. sack—the price is the same. Very little profit in it to us, but lots of satisfaction in it to you, if you buy it. It's having a BIG run.

LIVE STOCK FEED of all kinds ALL THE YEAR ROUND at lowest prices. One storehouse and two warehouses full of Staple Goods and Groceries which we are daily offering in large or small lots at rock bottom prices to cash buyers.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
'Phone 56. Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 10 Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.

WAGONS.

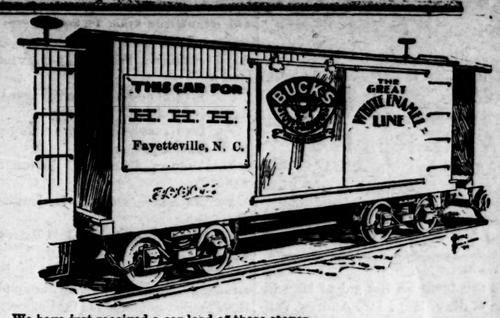
Just received a car load of the "Old Hickory" Wagons and Carts, all styles and sizes.

We Can Save You Money if You Will Examine Our BUGGIES Before You Purchase.

We make a specialty of nice BUGGY HARNESS, and have a nice lot of Double and Single Wagon Harness, Strap Goods, Bridles and Saddles.

See our Fine WAGON SADDLES.

A. E. RANKIN CO.



We have just received a car load of these stoves.

We get better rates in car lots and can sell cheaper, and we know these are the best and do not mind buying

130 OF THEM,

as in this car.

If you desire to buy on long time, come early and see us, as

we are now offering special inducements on installment plan.

A Full Stock of Hardware at All Times at Lowest Prices.

BUCK'S HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.



The Fire-Gong Sound

will give you no start if you are insured in one of our rock-ribbed companies that can't be shaken by any possible conflagration. Holders of policies can raise their properties, Phœnix-like, from the ashes. It's trifling with fate to take needless risks. Our premiums for making you secure are the lowest consistent with solidity.

ADMINISTRATORS', GUARDIANS' and other classes of bonds executed on short notice in the United States Fidelity and Guaranty, of Baltimore.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
General Insurance Agents,
10 Hay st., Fayetteville. N. C.
(Phone 56)

NOTICE!

ICE! ICE! ICE!

We take pleasure in notifying the public that, in a few days, we will be prepared to deliver ice anywhere in the city. Prompt delivery will be our motto. We intend to have polite drivers that will stop at your houses daily to fill orders. Will publish prices later and will be ready for business in a few days.

Yours,
LEDBETTER BROS.

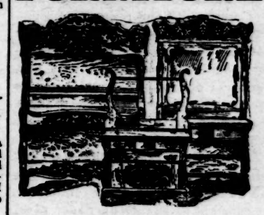
Phone 42.

1900.

The South Side Fruit Carriers and Baskets Petersburg, Va.

Write for Catalogue and Prices.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!



It is not my intention to sell my Furniture by large attractive advertisements. I simply drop in an advertisement to remind you that

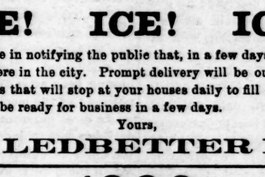
"The Old Reliable Newberry Furniture House"

is the place to get all kind of new, latest designed Furniture at the very lowest prices. I invite you to call when you are wanting anything in my line, and I feel sure that the prices and quality will sell the goods.

C B. NEWBERRY.

Walter Watson,
GUNMAKER
and dealer in
FIRE ARMS.

Parker, Colt, Remington, Westley, W. & C. Scott, Richards, Peter Wbly and Premier



Shot Guns and Repeating Rifles.

Colt, Remington, Smith & Wesson, Harrington & Richards and Forehand Arms Co. Revolvers.

Paper and Brass Shot Shells, Pistol and Rifle Cartridges, Loaded Shells, Keystone B. L. Implements, Hunting Coats, Hunting Vests, Leggings, Gun Cases, Belts, Leather and Canvas Cartridge Bags.

Gun and Rifle Powder direct from the Magazine and Shot from the Factory.

Send for catalogue and price-list of the above goods.

WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N C.



A new Private Hospital, just opened for the treatment of Medical, Surgical and Gynecological diseases of all kinds. New building with all modern conveniences—heating, lighting, ventilation, drainage, perfect; elevator; hot and cold baths on every floor. Best equipped operating room. Most modern hospital furniture. Experienced trained nurses and matron. Terms moderate. Address

DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body.

For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

Married.

In this town on the 3rd of May by J. T. McKay, Esq., Mr. Andrew Vandanie to Miss Margaret E. Thomas, all of Cross Creek township.

Specnial Rates.

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell tickets to the National Convention of the People's Party, at Cincinnati, O., May 9th, at one fare for the round trip, also to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the U. S. A., at St. Louis, Mo., May 17th to 31st.

April Dispensary Report.

Stock on hand April 1st,		$6,303.56
Purchases for April,		2,627.07
		$8,930.63
Stock on hand May 1st, 1900,	$5,930.27	
Sales as per vouch'rs,	3,975.10	
	$ 9,905.37	
Gross profits,		$ 974 74
Expenses and freights,		427.03
Net profit,		$ 547.71

Monday Night's Speeches.

The speeches by Mr. Gilmer and Mr. Aycock in front of the LaFayette Monday night were indeed fine orations. Mr. Gmiler made the speech of the evening, and it was delivered with splendid effect, stamping our next Attorner-General as a lawyer of great ability, as well as a polished lawyer. Mr. Aycock's speech, though short, was, of course, great. D. T. Oates, Esq., introduced Mr. Gilmer, and E. R. McKethan, Esq., President of the White Supremacy Club, introduced Mr. Aycock.

Their Wooden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Underwood, Jr., on Tuesday night celebrated the fifth anniversary of their marriage by giving a reception, to which all their friends, and they are legion, were invited. There are few more popular young married couples in the State than Mr. Underwood and his lovely wife, and they were deluged with presents, many of them extremely handsome ones, not only from Fayetteville but from all parts of North Carolina. The entertainment is said by visitors, from New York and elsewhere, to have been one that would do credit to any city.

At the Republican Convention.

Among the lesser lights in attedance upon the G. O. P. Convention, says the Raleigh Post, were C. P. Lockey, lawyer, politician and tonsorial artist and John Melton, ex chief of police, farmer and government gauger, formerly of Wilmington, but now resident of healthier climes.

Mr. Lockey now calls Washington, D. C., home, while Mr. Melton remains quietly in the background in Eastern North Carolina.

Lockey is a familiar figure on the streets of Fayetteville, and is, we believe, a government gauger somewhere in this neighborhood. He was a delegate from Cumberland.

Charlotte's Public School.

Great interest is being manifested this year in the coming commencement exercises of the Charlotte Public School, says a correspondent writing from Charlotte. Mayor Waddell, of Wilmington, is the principal speaker of the occasion. The school now has 1,650 pupils, the largest enrollment in its history. The school is eighteen years old, having been organized in 1882.

Superintendent, Alexander Graham, to whose untiring energy a large part of the success of the school is due, took charge in 1888, and the history of the school from that time has been one uninterrupted movement.

Assistant Postmaster Musselwhite.

Assistant postmaster, J. F. Musselwhite, of this city, was nominated for elector at large before the Republican State convention Wednesday by W. E. Clark, of Newbern. O. J. Spears, of Harnett, was placed in nomination by A. M. Clark, of Southern Pines. Robert Hancock, of Craven, seconded the nomination of J. F. Musselwhite, of Cumberland. Hancock declared that Musselwhite was the unanimous choice of the Republicans of the Third district, who endorsed him Tuesday night in caucus. This statement was disputed by another delegate and Chairman Walser had to call for order.

Oscar J. Spears withdrew from the race as a candidate for elector at large. Robert Hancock, of Craven, wanted to withdraw Musselwhite in favor of Price, but the chair ruled him out of order.

A roll call resulted in the nomination of Price and McReary for electors at large.

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures
That is what it was made for.

The Republican State Ticket.

The ticket made by the Republican State convention Wednesday is as follows:

For Governor—Ex-Judge Spencer B. Adams, of Guilford.

For Lieutenant Governor—Claudius Dockery, of Rockingham.

For Auditor—Thomas S. Rollins, of Asheville.

For State Treasurer—L. L. Jenkins, of Gaston.

For Secretary of State—J. F. Parrott, of Lenoir.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—N. C. English, of Randolph, the Populist nominee for that office.

For Attorney General—Zeb Vance Walser, of Davidson.

For Commissioner of Labor and Printing—Thomas Malloy, of Rockingham.

Chairman of Corporation Commission—C. A. Reynolds, of Forsyth.

Corporation Commissioner—J. A. Francks, of Swain.

Commissioner of Agriculture—Abner Alexander, of Tyrrell.

Electors at Large—A. H. Price, of Salisbury, and J. R. McReary, of Davidson.

Delegates to the National convention—Senator J. C. Pritchard, Colonel James E. Boyd, Colonel Charles McNamee and Collector E. C. Duncan.

The convention instructed the North Carolina delegation to the National convention to vote for William McKinley for President and Jeter C. Pritchard for Vice-President first, last and all the time.

Governor Russell did not attend the convention, and his name was not mentioned during the day. It had been expected that he would be elected delegate at large to the National convention out of courtesy, but he was not considered. Several delegates spoke of the incident as a snub to his Excellency.

Annual Meeting.

A very interesting meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held last night in the court house for the election of officers and directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that might come up.

The President made a very interesting address, which it is to be hoped may be furnished for publication, as it was well received and is calculated to do much good. The Secretary's report, having been already published, it was not read at the meeting. The meeting was a most harmonious one, and several speakers took occasion to commend the different officials for the manner in which their work had been performed and votes of thanks were tendered to them, each in his turn.

On motion the same officers and directors were re-elected for the ensuing year.

The resignation of Mr. Leighton Huske was tendered and on motion it was accepted with regrets, and the hope was expressed that he might later find it convenient to renew his membership.

It was noted that some few of the members had not paid their dues for several months. Under the "by-laws" neglect of this kind places such members not in "good standing," and made it impossible for them to resign until dues were paid and resignation regularly accepted. The hope was expressed that all would recognize these small claims against them as a just debt, and that these obligations would soon be discharged, so that the necessary funds to carry on the work of the Chamber would be in hand.

The thanks of the meeting was tendered to the Fayetteville OBSERVER and its editor, Major E. J. Hale, for the constant assistance his paper gave, gratuitously, in assisting the secretary and directors in advertising the advantages of Fayetteville and bringing to the notice of our citizens subjects of interest to all the people.

Immediately on the adjournment of the Chamber of Commerce the directors met and elected Mr. F. R. Rose secretary and Major B. R. Huske treasurer.

F. R. ROSE, Secretary.

Grand Chancellor Montcastle Honors Fayetteville.

The newly elected Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of North Carolina, Mr. George Montcastle, has appointed our townsman, Mr. W. C. Holland, District Deputy Grand-Chancellor for district No. 4, which embraces the following lodges: Cumberland Lodge No. 4, Scotland No. 27, Maxton No. 33, Lumberton No. 35, Rowland No. 55, Red Springs No. 91, and Raeford No. 107.

The new Grand Chancellor shows great wisdom in the selection of Mr. Holland, as there are few Knights of Pythias in the State better qualified in executive ability or mental capacity. Besides, Mr. Holland is one of the best debaters Cumberland Lodge has.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son druggist.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of the remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lynch, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

"I think DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills in the world," says W. E. Lake, Happy Creek, Va. They remove all obstructions of the liver and bowels, act quickly and never gripe.

King Bros.

Court Notes.

The criminal circuit court adjourned for the term at noon, and Judge Moore left for home on the north-bound train.

Charles McMillan, who was yesterday found guilty of larceny, was sentenced to four months in the county jail with leave to hire out.

Willie Jones and Charlie McMillan, the two white boys charged with robbing the store of the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company, at Hope Mills, were both acquitted. Willie Jones turned State's evidence, but the jury did not believe him, and as the evidence against both was not sufficiently strong, and as they were hardly more than children, the jury refused to convict them.

Dallas Ferris was convicted this morning of forcible trespass, but as the prayer for judgment was continued, he was bound over to next term on a $100 bond.

The following are the resolutions of the criminal court in session in this city in honor of the late Judge Dossey Battle:

"Since the last term, Hon. Dossey Battle, Judge presiding over the Eastern District criminal court, having died, the bar and officers of Cumberland county would pay their last tribute to his memory. He was well known to some of us as far back as 1859, while to others he became known only from his presence here as Judge. To all he was the same polite, genial, polished gentleman.

"Judge Battle served with credit as a Confederate soldier during the war between the States, and at its close, as was the common lot, having lost all save honor, had a hard struggle to begin life.

"Licensed to practice law in 1866. he soon thereafter became editor of a newspaper, which he made popular and spicy by his steady flow of wit and humor.

"After a while he passed under a cloud, which, by his own will power, he threw aside; and thenceforth, to the day of his death, his walk and conversation were upright. His whole character seemed sobered, chastened, purified.

"A strong mind was his, well stored with precedent, ready at all times, with good manners, the outward manifestation of a good heart, great patience, and plodding care, without which no man is fit to preside over a court of record.

"All who came before him—lawyers, officers and criminals—were treated with consideration, courtesy, kindness. Mercy tempered justice in his judgments.

"He has passed through those portals which stand open for us all, we believe, with ear attuned to hear

" 'The shouts of them that triumph,
The song of them that feast.' "

News of Interest.

The President of France cables to President McKinley his condolences for the Scofield mine disaster.

The North Carolina Pine Association decides to reduce the output of the mills 33 1-3 per cent for thirty days.

The trials of the men for the murder of Goebel are set for a special term of court to begin the second Monday in July.

Olga Nethersole has brought suit for $20,000 damages against the pastor of a Washington City Presbyterian church.

W. H. Culton testifies that Governor Taylor told him to give Youtsey any amount of money to get him out of Kentucky. He does not know where Youtsey or Powell were when Goebel was shot.

The latest estimates put the number of victims of the Scofield mine disaster at 250 Coffins cannot be secured fast enough Some of the bodies awaiting burial have begun to decompose, and cremation has been suggested.

Ambassador Choate has asked Lord Salisbury for an explanation as to the alleged boarding and search of the American ship Sea Witch by the British warship within the three mile limit of Portuguese, East Africa. Mr. Choate's request is so mild that it does not even amount to a protest. It is said the chief issue involved is one of fact.

Mr. Bryan spoke in Toledo, Ohio, to 25,000 people yesterday, after which he was escorted to Memorial hall, where he was tendered a reception by the Modern Woodmen of America, of which he is a member, and, later, spoke at Elks hall.

In an interview he expressed himself very decidedly regarding the coming national election. "The democratic party is sure to win," Mr. Bryan said without the slightest hesitation. "The people are with us this year and they are in sympathy with the principles which shall be embodied in the Kansas City platform and which represent the feeling of the great mass of American people."

The Philadelphia Strike.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Philadelphia, May 3.—The Allied Building Trades Council today ordered out all the men of whatever brotherhood of carpenters. Working Secretary Allen says about sixteen thousand are now out.

The Bubonic Plague.

By cable to the Observer.

London, May 3.—Telegrams to London papers continue to show the remarkable spread of the bubonic plague in at least a dozen parts of the world. At Mauritius, Bombay, Calcutta, Port Said, Teheran, Manila, Hong Kong, Melbourne, Sydney, Noume, New Caledonia, Brisbant and Buenos Ayres it is very serious and is spreading at Bombay and Calcutta. There has been fifty two deaths at Sydney and forty deaths at Buenos Ayres.

The Powers Assenting.

By cable to the Observer.

Constantinople, May 3.—The agents of the Powers has sent a note to the Porte assenting to the increase in duties.

Another American Disaster.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, May 3.—Four Americans were killed and sixteen wounded and left on the field in a battle on the Island of Panay.

Sphere of Influence.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, May 3.—LeGaulois says that a convention between France and Spain for defining their respective spheres of influence in Morroco has been prepared and is ready for signatures.

Declines.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Elizabeth, N. J., May 3.—Mr. Frank Bergen said today he had written a letter declining the appointment of Chief Justice of Porto Rico to Attorney General Griggs. He will be pitted against Congressman Fowler for Congress.

The Crops.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Cincinnati, May 3.—Price Current says conditions generally continue to be favorable, and the wheat outlook is maintained. Spring wheat has a good start at possibly reduced acreage.

Boers Arrest an American.

By cable to the Observer.

Pretoria, May 3.—An American has been arrested for connection with the blowing up of the Begbie arsenal, for which all the remaining British subjects have been expelled from the Transvaal. Begbie, one of the proprietors of the engineering works at Johannesburg which was recently blown up, has been remanded to jail on charge of murder, bail not accepted.

Miscellaneous.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, May 3.—The Standard Oil Company has raised the wages and lowered the hours of seven thousand employees.

Deputy Attorney General Coyne, who was engaged in prosecuting District Attorney Gardner, died this morning at the Holland House of malignant diptheria.

Albany, May 3.—The Governor has signed the Davis school bill fixing the salary schedule of teachers in New York city.

In the Senate.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 3.—The Senate is considering the army appropriation bill. The Clark case will be taken up Thursday next.

Senator Aldrich says that Congress will adjourn not later than June 12th, possibly earlier. There will be little legislation outside of appropriation bills, and as soon as they are disposed of it will adjourn.

The prevailing opinion among Senators is that the Nicaragua canal will not be acted upon in the Senate at the present session. It is rumored that the President desires that it go over.

Roberts Cables of Victory.

By cable to the Observer.

London, May 3.—The war office has the following from Roberts: "Hamilton on Tuesday, drove the enemy out of strong positions with comparatively small loss. The Boers dispersed in several directions. The Boers admit twelve killed and forty wounded. Among the former were Lieut. Gunther, a German. Among the wounded was Maximoff, the commander of the Foreign Legion. Twenty-one out of fifty-two of the enemy's casualties occurred to members of the Foreign Legion."

The Central News hears that Commandant Eloff, has left Mafeking, practically abandoning the siege.

News from Baden-Powell.

Baden-Powell reports from Mafeking under date of April 20th that all is well there. He says he complained to Snyman about the shooting of native women, and that Snyman has not replied. Provisions are carefully saved. He has diminished the rations to nine thousand souls.

Good War Rumors in England.

Prices were buoyant on the stock exchange today after a dull opening, due to a variety of rumors, all however requiring confirmation, including a British victory in South Africa, death of President Kruger and the relief of Mafeking.

Large Steamer Ashore Off Hatteras

By telegraph to the Observer.

Norfolk, May 4.—A large steamship, believed to be a foreign tramp, is ashore on Diamond shoals off Cape Hatteras. Crews from the Creeds Hill and Hatteras life saving stations, went in boats to her side. The wind is right light and the sea smooth.

The Emperor of Austria in Berlin.

By cable to the Observer.

Berlin, May 4.—This city was in holiday attire when the Emperor of Austria arrived. Emperor William met him at Potsdam Station with Prince Henry of Prussia, Crown Prince Friederich Wilhelm, and all the princes of the royal household, the Austrian ambassador and the German minister of Foreign Affairs.

Miscellaneous.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, May 4.—Magistrate Mead has decided that the Broadway athletic club does not need license to continue boxing exhibitions.

The Philadelphia Strike.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Philadelphia, May 4.—The strike of the building trades still remain a conflict between rival organizations rather than between the men and employees. It is estimated that at least ten thousand are employed in consequence of the Brotherhood of Carpenters refusing to affiliate with the allied building Trades council.

Paper Mills to Shut Down.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, May 4.—In pursuance of a resolution reached by the Western Book Paper Manufacturing Association all the leading book paper mills in the west will be closed Monday for an indefinite period and within a few weeks all eastern factories may follow their example on account of over production.

Labor Riot in Chicago.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Chicago, May 4.—Four men were wounded and one Dennis Hannefin probably fatally during a labor riot on an Archer avenue car last night. A dozen shots were fired and every window shattered. The passengers fled panic stricken. The fight was between coal heavers escorted by police men on the car and strikers who boarded the same car and started the fight.

Boers in Full Retreat.

By cable to the Observer.

Brandfort, Thursday evening, May 4.—The Boers are now in full flight. The British attack was directed both from the east and west in such strength that the Boers were threatened with complete envelopment. After a sharp artillery duel at short range the Burghers fell back before an overwhelming force of British. The Boers are now retreating on Winburg. The capture of Brandfort gives the key to one of the main roads leading to the Drakenburg passes, which possibly may enable Roberts to co-operate with Buller. It also provides an advance base for supplies.

Boers Abandon Thaba N'Chu.

Thaba N'Chu, May 3.—The Boers have evacuated their position on Thaba N'Chu and are trekking northward in several directions; some have gone in the direction of Wepener.

The British Advance Begun.

Brandfort, May 4.—Only the Irish-American contingent fighting with the Boers resisted the entry of the British into Brandfort. They retired before Hutton's brigade. The Boers shelled Tucker's division considerably but finally retired all along the line—thus the British advance on Pretoria is begun in earnest.

Turkey's Torpedo Boats.

By cable to the Observer.

Constantinople, May 4.—As the result of the recent blowing up of a Turkish torpedo boat off the coast of Syria, in which over a score of lives were lost, an inspection of the other torpedo boats in Turkey's service was ordered, and nearly all found defective. This was reported to the Sultan and he decided to order six new ones.

Will Ask for Troops.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, May 4.—President Thomson, of the Oxford Copper Works at Bayonne, stated at noon today that he would ask Governor Voorhees at once to send troops to protect the property of strikers.

Attempt to Wreck a Train.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Whitestone, L. I., May 4.—The foreign colony is being searched today for a gang of men accused of trying to wreck the night train from Long Island City for Whitestone. The locomotive crashed into a pile of ties and several boulders. The passengers were badly frightened. Nobody hurt.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It is not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. a bottle at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

CANCER Cannot be Cut Out or Removed with Plasters

Surgical operations and flesh destroying plasters are useless, painful and dangerous, and besides, never cure Cancer. No matter how often a cancerous sore is removed, another comes at or near the same point, and always in a worse form. Does not this prove conclusively that Cancer is a blood disease, and that it is folly to attempt to cure this deep-seated, dangerous blood trouble by cutting or burning out the sore, which, after all, is only an outward sign of the disease—a place of exit for the poison?

Cancer runs in families through many generations, and those whose ancestors have been afflicted with it are liable at any time to be stricken with the deadly malady.

Only Blood Diseases can be Transmitted from One Generation to Another

—further proof that Cancer is a disease of the blood.

To cure a blood disease like this you must cure the entire blood system—remove every trace of the poison. Nothing cures Cancer effectually and permanently but S. S. S.

S. S. S. enters the circulation, searches out and removes all taint, and stops the formation of cancerous cells. No mere tonic or ordinary blood medicine can do this. S. S. S. goes down to the very roots of the disease, and forces out the deadly poison, allowing the sore to heal naturally and permanently. S. S. S. at the same time purifies the blood and builds up the general health.

A little pimple, a harmless looking wart or mole, a lump in the breast, a cut or bruise that refuses to heal under ordinary treatment, should all be looked upon with suspicion, as this is often the beginning of a bad form of cancer.



Mrs. Sarah M. Keesling, 941 Windsor Ave., Bristol, Tenn., writes: "I am 41 years old, and for three years had suffered with a severe form of Cancer on my jaw, which the doctors in this city said was incurable, and that I could not live more than six months. I accepted their statement as true, and had given up all hope of ever being well again, when my druggist, knowing of my condition, recommended S. S. S. After taking a few bottles the sore began to heal, much to the surprise of the physicians, and in a short time made a complete cure. I have gained in flesh, my appetite is splendid, sleep is refreshing—in fact, am enjoying perfect health."

SSS

Our medical department is in charge of physicians of long experience, who are especially skilled in treating Cancer and other blood diseases. Write for any advice or information wanted, we make no charge whatever for this service. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned, having this day qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Mrs. Emaline Mintz, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against the estate of the said Emaline Mintz to present them to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of April, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

THOS M. HUNTER, Executor.

Robinson & Shaw, Attorneys.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court. March Term, 1900.

Archie Turner vs. Maggie Turner. } Notice of Summons by Publication.

Maggie Turner, the defendant above named, will take notice that an action entitled Archie Turner vs. Maggie Turner has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, for the causes set out in the complaint, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland county; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Cumberland county to be held on the 9th Monday after the first Monday in March, 1900, at the Court House of said county in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint now on file in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This March 26th, 1900.

A. A. McKETHAN, C. S. C.

Samuel H. MacRae, Att'y for Pl'ff.

Valuable City Real Estate for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, made April 14th, 1900, in the special proceedings entitled W. J. McMillan, guardian of Wm. J. McMillan, Jr., and Lucy McMillan, *ex parte*, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, on

Thursday, May 17th, 1900,

at 12 m, the following valuable real estate, to-wit: The lot of land on Wilmington road known as the "Thomas McDaniel 10 acre lot," adjoining Holt-Williamson cotton factory and others, containing about 9½ acres.

Sale is to be made subject to the confirmation of the Court.

H. L. COOK, Commissioner.

April 14, 1900.

Valuable Farm Lands For Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, rendered April 25th, 1900, in the special proceedings, entitled D. G. McLellan, Executor of Jerry Dawson, deceased, *versus* R. C. Dawson, Minnie Elliott and Mary Ann Elliot, the undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder for *cash* at the Market House in the City of Fayetteville, N. C., the following lands, situated in Black River township in said county, to-wit:

All the lands owned by the late Jerry Dawson at the time of his death, and as described in his last will and testament, Book of Wills F, page 15 as follows, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying on both sides of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, containing about 130 acres.

Time of sale, Saturday, May 26th, 1900 at 12 noon.

N A SINCLAIR,
H. L COOK,
Commissioners.

The Very Finest.

The Ne Plus Ultra.

The Creme de la Creme.

That's HARPER

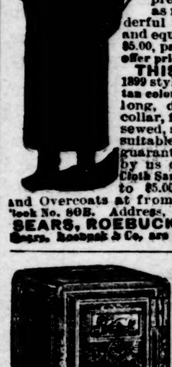
whisky in three languages.

Gen. Cronje Should Have It.

"LENOIR, N. C., Feb'y 16, 1900.

"Send ½ gross Goose Grease Lin., 25c. size. There is no doubt as to the curative powers of Goose Grease Lin. We have used different liniments, but yours excels all. Yours truly,
"HENKEL BROS."

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT
A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.

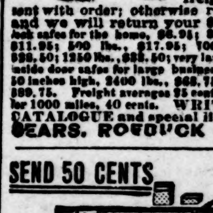


Send no Money. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your Height and Weight, state number of inches around body at Breast taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express C.O.D., subject to examination; examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent our special offer price, $2.75, and express charges.

THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof, tan color, genuine Davis Covert Cloth; extra long, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strapped and cemented seams, suitable for both rain or overcoat, and guaranteed greatest value ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $5.00 to $10.00, write for Free Book No. 80B. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

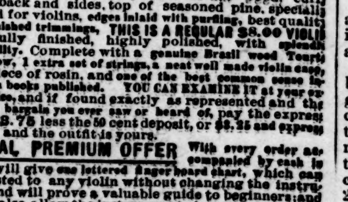
ONLY $5.00



SEND US $5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and we will send you any fire proof safe by freight, C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it the equal of any fire proof combination lock iron and steel safe made and about one-third the price charged by others for the same size and grade, pay your freight agent our special factory price and freight charges, less the $5.00 sent with order; otherwise return it at our expense and we will return your $5.00. 100-lb. combination lock safes for the home, $6.95; 300-lb. office and store safes $11.95; 500 lbs., $17.95; 700 lbs., $21.95; 1000 lbs., $28.50; 1250 lbs., $32.50; very large double outside and double inside door safes for large business, factory, jewelry or bank, 50 inches high, 2400 lbs., $62.75; 66 inches high, 3000 lbs., $89.75. Freight averages 25 cents per 100 lbs. for 500 miles; for 1000 miles, 40 cents. WRITE FOR FREE SAFE CATALOGUE and special liberal C. O. D. offer.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. Chicago

SEND 50 CENTS



to us with this ad. and we will send you this violin outfit by express C.O.D., subject to examination. This is a GENUINE STRADIVARIUS MODEL, made of old wood, curly maple back and sides, top of seasoned pine, specially selected for violins, edges inlaid with purfling, best quality ebony finished trimmings. THIS IS A REGULAR $8.00 VIOLIN beautifully finished, highly polished, with splendid tone quality. Complete with a genuine Brazil wood Tourte model bow, 1 extra set of strings, a neat well made violin case, large piece of rosin, and one of the best common sense instruction books published. YOU CAN EXAMINE IT at your express office, and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent $3.75 less the 50 cent deposit, or $3.25 and express charges, and the outfit is yours.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by cash in full we will give one lettered finger board chart, which can be adjusted to any violin without changing the instrument, and will prove a valuable guide to beginners; and we will also allow the instrument to be returned after 3 days' trial if not found entirely satisfactory in every respect. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

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Cut this ad. out and send to us SEND NO MONEY and we will send you this watch by express, C. O. D subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and in every way equal to watches that are being advertised at $3.75 to $6.75 under such misleading descriptions as Elgin Style, American Style, Gold Filled or Lock Like $20.00 to $30.00 Gold Filled Watches, etc. If you find it the equal of, or better than any of these watches, pay the express agent OUR PRICE, $2.45 and express charges.

Don't be Deceived by catchy advertisements which would lead you to believe you could get a $35.00 or $50.00 watch for $3.75 to $6.75, when we sell the same watch for $2.45.

OUR $2.45 WATCH is gents' full 18-size Hunting Case or Screw Back and Bezel dust proof Open Face, stem wind and set, gold plated, handsomely engraved and polished, looks like a high-grade gold filled and is a great trading watch, movement is a nickel 7-jewel stem wind American, warranted, and a good time keeper. For Watches from 98 cents up, gold-filled watches $3.75 and up, write for free Watch and Jewelry Catalogue. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

H. Clark, Chauncey, Ga., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him of piles that had afflicted him for twenty years. It is also a speedy cure for skin diseases. Beware of dangerous counterfeits.

King Bros.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court before C. S. C.

Mary B. Thames *et al.* vs D. B. Culbreth *et al.*

Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court made in the special proceedings entitled Mary B. Thames *et al. vs.* D. B. Culbreth *et al.*, April 6th, 1900, the undersigned commissioners will offer for sale. at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., on

MAY 7th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M.. the Spearman lands in Gray's Creek Township, subdivided into four tracts of 86 acres, including dwelling; 84½ acres; 73½ acres, and 14 acres. Terms cash, or one-half cash, balance in 6 months Title reserved until purchase money is paid. Sale subject to confirmation of court.

April 6th, 1900.

H. L COOK,
D. T. OATES,
Commissioners.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court before the Clerk.

D. T. Oates administrator of Chas. Maxwell, deceased, *versus* Theodore Blocker, Edward Blocker, William Blocker, Alex Blocker, Charles Moore, Fred. Moore, Haywood Moore, Ella Moore, Mary Moore, Lula Moore, Mary Gill, Mary McNeill and her husband, —— McNeill Ella Washington and her husband, —— Washington, and John Gill the same being the heirs at-law of Charles Maxwell deceased —Service by Publication.

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, by D. T. Oates, administrator, against the heirs-at law of his intestate, Charles Maxwell, in which it is sought to obtain an order to sell land to make assets; and the said defendants, above named, will take further notice that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County on the 19th day of May, 1900 at the Court House in the aforesaid State and County, in Fayetteville, N. C, at 12 o'clock noon, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, which is on file with the Clerk, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this April 3rd, 1900.

A. A. McKETHAN, Clerk Superior Court.

Samuel H. MacRae, Attorney.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a mortgage deed, executed to me on the 23rd day of February, 1897, by K. E. Barefoot, and duly registered in the Register's office of Cumberland county, in Book A, No. 5, page 6 I shall sell, at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, on the

26th day of March, 1900,

the following real property, to-wit;

A certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Cumberland County, State of North Carolina, in Black River Township, and described and defined as follows:

Beginning at a cypress in the main run of Mingo and runs *N* 6¼ *W* 25 poles and 15 links to a hickory on the side of the path; thence *N* 72 *W* 25 poles to a stake in the path; thence *N* 23 *W* 139 poles to a stake on the west side of Reedy Branch; thence *S* 45 *W* 26 poles to a small black gum in the edge of a small branch; thence South 57 chains and 70 links to a cypress knee in the main run of Mingo; thence up the main run as it meanders to the beginning, containing 100 acres and fully described in said mortgage

This 16th day of February, 1900.

L. E PARKER; Mortgagee.

James D. Parker, Att'y

By consent the above sale is postponed without prejudice, to take place at Court House, Fayetteville, N. C.,

Monday, May 7th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M. This March 26th, 1900.

JAS. D. PARKER, Att'y for Mortgagee.
ROBINSON & SHAW, Att'ys for Mortg'r.

Notice!

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale in a certain mortgage deed. executed by Neill Monds and wife, Martha Monds, to T. F. Sanders on the 27th day of December, 1890, and duly registered in Book S, No. 4, on page 27 of the records of Cumberland county, I shall sell, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., on

Saturday, 26th Day of May, 1900,

the lands therein described, to-wit:

1st tract of 7 acres as is shown by deed from A. J. Taylor and wife to N. H. Monds of January 15. 1885, recorded in Book F, No. 4, page 324, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake and gum pointers in the edge of Mingo in Mond's lower line, runs thence with his line *N* 65 *W* 10 chains to a stake in a line known as the John Adams line; thence nearly west with a small branch to a lightwood stake; thence *S-E* to a red oak; thence up Mingo swamp to the beginning.

2nd tract of 4 acres as is shown by deed from A. J. Taylor and others to Neill Monds of December 10, 1877; recorded in Book F, No. 4, on page 325, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake and pine tree near the fence; thence *S* 37 *E* 16 poles to a hickory; thence *S* 79 *W* 18 poles to the branch; thence the corner of the branch 16 poles to a gum and pointers in the branch; thence *N* 27 *E* to a post oak; thence *E* 25 poles to the beginning.

3rd tract of 6½ acres as is shown by a deed from James M. Wade to Neill Monds of December 17, 1880, recorded in Book F, No. 4, on page 323, bounded as follows Beginning at a stake in the run of a branch; then up said branch 25 poles to a stake in said branch; then *S* with fence 44 poles to a stake near a spring; then *E* 29 poles to a red oak; then *N* 33 poles to the beginning

4th tract of 1 acre as is shown by a deed from Nancy Taylor and others to Neill Monds of December 13 1887, recorded in Book F, No 4, on page 326, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post oak at the lot, Neill Monds' corner, then with said Monds' fence *N* 12½ poles to a red oak; then *W* 12½ poles to a stake; then *S* 12½ poles to a stake in Neill Monds' line; then with his fence line to the beginning. See records of Cumberland county for above references.

This April 21st, 1900.

T. F. SANDERS, Mortgagee.

Cooper & Oates, Atty's.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court, April 7, 1900.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills vs. A. A. Harrington, Jr., and wife.

—Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of the power and authority vested in me by a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, entered at February term, 1900, in the above entitled action, I will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Market House in Fayetteville, on

May 19th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock noon, the land hereinafter described in Cumberland county, North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a dead pine on the east side of Buckhead, Burrows corner, then north 61 degrees east fifteen and one-half chains to the old corner; then north sixteen chains; then west two chains and ten links to Simon's corner; then north two degrees east 51 chains and 75 links; then west 8 chains and 65 links to Johnson's corner; then north 61 degrees east 13 chains and 20 links to Johnson's other corner; then west 41 chains to a stake and pointers, Graddy's corner; then south ten and one-half chains to a stake, J. L. West's corner; then south 17 degrees east ten and one half chains to his corner, on the Factory Road; then as it south 53 degrees west 21 chains to a stake, Strickland's corner; then with his line south 17 degrees east 6 chains and 70 links to Patishall's line, then as it east 2 chains and 85 links to the corner; then with Patishall's line south 2 degrees west twenty and one-half chains to the corner; then west two and one-half chains to Holmes' corner; then south six and one-half chains to Holmes' other corner; then east 5 chains and 24 links to a stake and pointers; then south 6 chains to Phillips' corner; then as his line east 3 chains and 17 links; then south 3 chains and 17 links to Patishall's line; then east 12 chains and 63 links to Robinson's corner; then south 3 chains and 17 links to a stake in the old line; then east fifteen and one-half chains to the beginning, containing 328.3 acres, less one acre sold to the Knights of Labor, two acres sold to J. B Patishall, two and one-sixth acres sold to N. F. Holmes, four acres sold to Sykes and four acres sold to Grims. (See mortgage recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Cumberland county, North Carolina, in Book L, No. 4 at page 493.)

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville

Time of sale: 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, May 19th, 1900.

Terms of sale: Cash.

S. H MacRAE, Commissioner.

Dated April 14, 1900.



Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Nov. 19, 1899.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No 103 D'ly ex Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	11 50	8 58			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 00	10 04	5 45	5 40	12 52
Leave Wilson	1 58	10 25	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55				
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	12 19			
Ar Florence	7 25	2 34			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	7 50		
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 21
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 09	4 35
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 40	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78, Daily.	No 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 55		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M	P. M
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 18
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 09		
Arrive Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p. m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3.50 p. m, arrive Wilmington 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 a. m, Maxton 9.20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 10.50. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 p. m, Hope Mills 4.55 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:35 P. M., Halifax 4:15 P. M. arrive Scotland Neck at 5:08 P. M., Greenville 6:57 P. M., Kinston 7:55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A. M., Greenville 8:52 A. M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A. M., Weldon 11:33 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M., and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday at 5:30 P. M., Sunday, 4:15 P. M., arrives Plymouth 7:40 P. M., 6:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A. M., and Sunday 9.00 A. M., arrives Tarboro 10:05 A. M., 11:00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:05 A. M., arriving Smithfield 8:10 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A. M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 A. M., 3:40 P. M., arrive Nashville 10:10 A. M., 4:03 P. M., Spring Hope 10:40 A. M., 4:55 P. M. Returning, leave Spring Hope 11:00 A. M., 4:55 P. M., Nashville 11:22 A. M., 5:25 P. M., arrive Rocky Mount 11:45 A. M., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 A. M., and 4:15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7.00 A. M., and 2:50 P. M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price. 25 cents. Sold by

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

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to us with this ad. and we will send you our celebrated LA BERTA GUITAR by express C. O. D., subject to examination. It is a genuine La Berta American made instrument of great beauty, perfect rosewood finish, very highly polished. Handsomely inlaid around sound hole and inlaid strips in back, celluloid bound top edge. Fingerboard accurately fretted with raised frets, inlaid pearl position dots, American made patent head, and finest nickel plated tailpiece. A REGULAR $8.00 GUITAR, powerful and sweet toned, furnished complete with an extra set of best quality steel strings and a valuable instruction book which teaches anyone how to play. EXAMINE THE GUITAR at your express office and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of pay the express agent $3.65 less 50c, or $3.15 and express charges and the complete outfit is yours. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by $3.65 cash in full we will give a Lettered Fingerboard Chart. It is an accurate guide, having all notes, with sharps and flats in full view, and can be easily adjusted to any guitar without changing the instrument. With the use of the lettered fingerboard anyone can learn to play without the aid of a teacher. Write for free musical instrument and piano and organ catalogue. Everything at lowest wholesale prices. Address,

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(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

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to us with this ad. and we will send you OUR GENUINE OSGOOD MANDOLIN by express, C.O.D. subject to examination. THIS IS A REGULAR $10.00 MANDOLIN, made of 13 ribs of genuine mahogany, with handsome colored strips laid between, has rosewood finished cap, celluloid bound edges, rosewood fingerboard, inlaid pearl position dots, American patent head, beautiful inlaying around sound hole, latest pattern nickel plated sleeve protecting tailpiece, extra set of strings, 1 tortoise shell pick, and a book of Guckert's Chords, which teaches anyone how to play. Examine this mandolin at your express office, and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent $4.65, less the 50c deposit, or $4.15 and express charges, and the outfit is yours.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by cash in full, we will furnish a lettered fingerboard chart, with the aid of which anyone can easily locate the notes. Chart can be adjusted on the fingerboard of any mandolin without changing the instrument in the least. We will allow the mandolin to be returned after 5 days' trial if not found exactly as represented. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.

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